NATIONAL WEEKLY

Social Justice

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THE JEWISH QUESTION

By
Dr. J. S. Barnes

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FROM THE TOWER
Father Coughlin

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ACROSS THE STRAIT LIES RUSSIA
Joseph P. Wright

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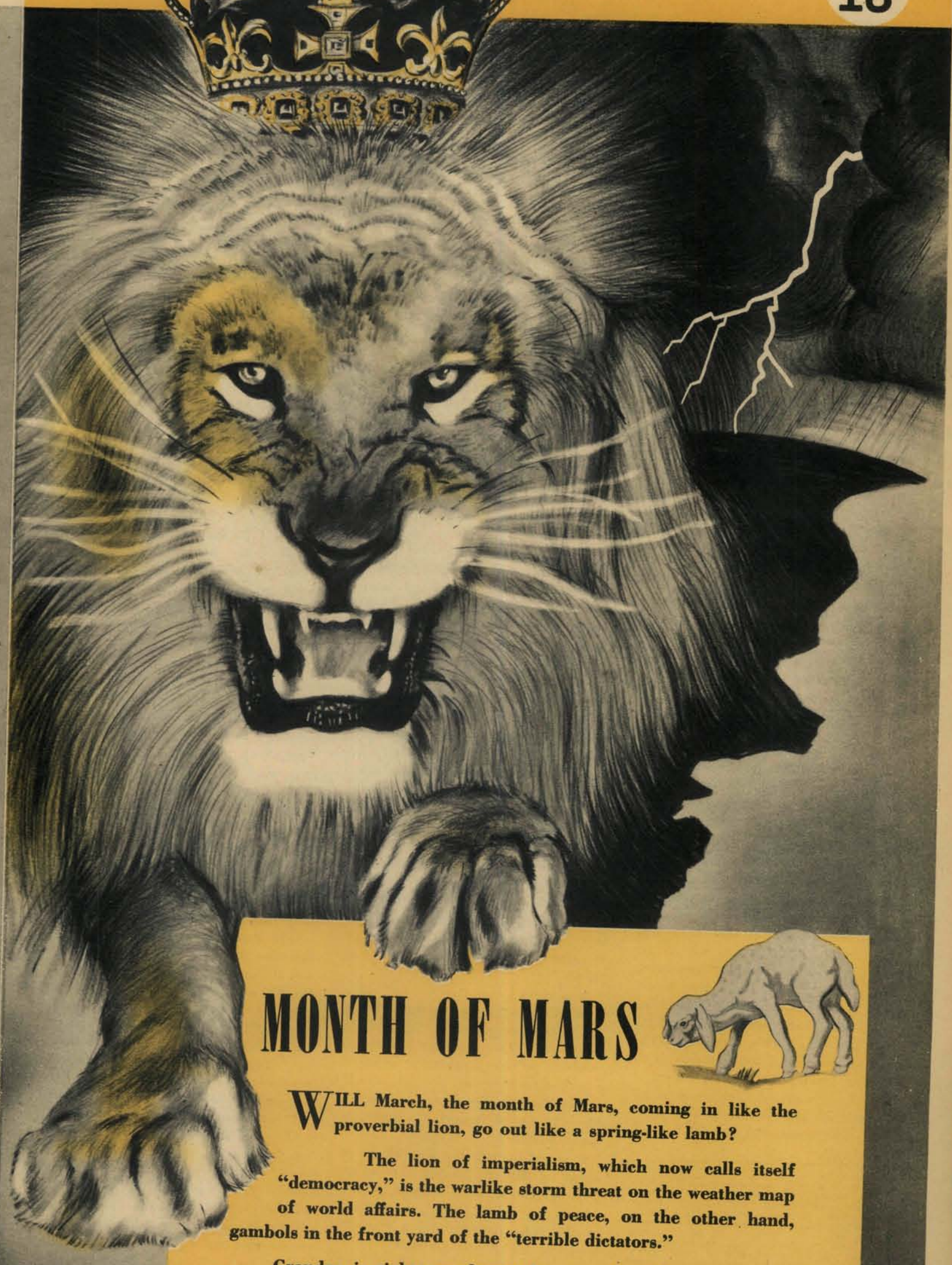
THE NEW DEAL PROPAGANDA MACHINE

•

UNMASKING RED SPAIN

•

EYES AND EARS OVER WASHINGTON



MONTH OF MARS

WILL March, the month of Mars, coming in like the proverbial lion, go out like a spring-like lamb?

The lion of imperialism, which now calls itself "democracy," is the warlike storm threat on the weather map of world affairs. The lamb of peace, on the other hand, gambols in the front yard of the "terrible dictators."

Grandpa is right: we do not have weather like we used to. What's more, the propagandists have even switched the "names" on us!

VOL. 3A NO. 9

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THE WAY THE WIND BLOWS

By THE INDICATOR

Running Refugees

"AN INTERNATIONAL alien smuggling ring, geared to bring more than 10,000 aliens a year into the United States via the Canadian border, and widely patronized by Jewish refugees, was disclosed through the arraignment of its Canadian director in Brooklyn Federal Court." So reads a story in the *Washington Herald* of January 19. It continues:

"Arrested at Rouses Point, N. Y., Friday night and held incommunicado since then at Ellis Island, Spyros Cyrcos, 38, of Montreal, boasted to Asst. United States Attorney James G. Scileppi that he had conducted at least 25,000 aliens across the border within the last two years!"

' ' '

Barge Meets Ship

HOW ABOUT the New York barges that slide out to clandestine meetings with ships anchored off the 12-mile limit, to bring in overall-clad refugees with "W.P.A. shovels" in hand? These craft, so one report runs, steam past the Statue of Liberty and Ellis Island, thumbing their noses at such hampering regulations as passports and immigration quotas. We repeat, it is a "report." SOCIAL JUSTICE puts it down as a "wild one." It runs counter to the vigilance of our immigration service, the harbor police, and the reputed zeal of officials to keep New York an American city.

What makes it still more incredible: it would be so unnecessary. Refugees are pouring into this country by the thousands on every ship. They enter as visitors under a six months permit. Somebody is going to have an insurmountable task, however, notifying all these guest refugees that their six months are up.

' ' '

Jobs for Refugees

"HOW MANY REFUGEES will you take?" is a routine question asked of Jewish business men; not only in seaboard cities, but throughout the middle west as well. In some cases, the employers have been told how many Christians should be discharged! Few of them ever resist the committee's suggestions.

This prompt employment of refugee "visitors" assures that they will not become public charges within the regulations of the immigration laws. That fate is left for the native Americans who have been displaced to make way for the refugee aliens. Millions of our own boys and girls, men and women, have been unable to find employment for the last five years. The employment of alien refugees, in the face of this situation, therefore, constitutes a national scandal.

Smearing Fr. Coughlin

TO THE PARROTED charges that Father Coughlin "does not represent" and "does not speak for" the Catholic Church — and to lend false weight to the leftist "smear" charges that Catholics are not behind Father Coughlin — the Communist *Daily Worker* has turned to the rather threadbare "Hitler propaganda" smear. Says the *Worker*:

"The remarkable parallel of Coughlin's activity to the work of Hitler's Nazis is indicated not only by the fact which Monsignor Ryan points out that Coughlin's anti-Jewish material 'apparently was derived from Nazi sources.' Coughlin is clearly playing the game of Hitlerism."

It would be interesting to know just what the *Worker* means by "Hitlerism." So far as SOCIAL JUSTICE has been able to ascertain, the only "parallel" activity is their opposition to Communism. SOCIAL JUSTICE and its readers would like to be counted in on that "parallel," too.

' ' '

Worker Muffs Again!

WE OUGHT to apologize to our readers for letting the Communist *Worker* take up so much of the reading time in our busy National Weekly, but we cannot let silence give the semblance of assent to their deliberate lying. "Tomorrow's issue of SOCIAL JUSTICE, personal organ of Father Coughlin, will launch a broadside attack on the American Red Cross," said a recent issue of the *Worker*. Of course, SOCIAL JUSTICE did nothing of the sort. The purpose of running such an attack in participation of the sales day of SOCIAL JUSTICE must have been to intimate that the *Worker* had some "inside" connections that had tipped them off on contents. They also hoped to hurt that day's sale. Of course, the *Worker* story did nothing of the sort.

This particular prevarication continued: "Coughlin is a constant echo for Hitler propaganda. When SOCIAL JUSTICE went through *a financial reorganization last fall, suspending publication for a while and changing from Detroit to Chicago printers,* the first issue off the press under the new set-up featured an article by George Sylvester Viereck, known agent of Hitler."

Now then—

SOCIAL JUSTICE went through no "financial reorganization."

SOCIAL JUSTICE has not "suspended publication" in the three years of its enterprising existence.

The article by George Sylvester Viereck was a reporter's interview with Mussolini.

It is not known that Viereck is "an agent of Hitler." While the writer does not need our "defense," he is known as one of the severest critics of the Nazi regime, and a friendly apologist for the old Germany.

The same issue to which the *Worker* refers also featured an article entitled "I've Got You Under My Skin. Words by Ben Davis, Jr., Music by the Communist Daily Worker." It was a dandy article. New York magazine and newspaper circles laughed for a week. That's why the *Worker* reporter happened to have that particular copy on hand.

Furthermore, the young Jewish gentleman who wrote the "Red Cross smear" also knows why SOCIAL JUSTICE missed one edition when it switched from a bankrupt Detroit printer to a responsible Chicago publishing firm. Why did he not tell the *Worker* readers about it?

Why does the heavily subsidized *Daily Worker* keep "dangerous facts" from its readers? Facts perilous to "the cause" are carefully suppressed from the workers who pay the salaries —and the expense accounts—on the *Daily Worker.*

' ' '

Catholic Worker

Verging from red to a milder shade of pink, we are indebted to the *Catholic Worker* for the tip that trouble may be expected if Christians attempt an orderly picketing demonstration at Madison Square Garden tonight. Says the *(Catholic) Worker*:

"The Comrades beat the Coughlinites to it by renting Madison Square Garden on the night the followers of the Radio Priest wanted it. The word has been passed around for the avid seekers after Social Justice to be there and picket. All right, we guess, if one likes riots but WE'D hate to be responsible for what might ensue. Perhaps they'll think better of it before February 27th."

Try and keep the distinction clear. The last item from the *Catholic Worker* not the *Communist Daily Worker.* They are two publications, it seems; but reading them a confusion is, perhaps, natural.

Pal Watches a Broadcast

HELLO FOLKS:

HERE it is Monday morning again, and time for the Circulation Manager to start circulating and finding out what's going on so's I can report to you.

I trotted in to see Amy the first thing to find out how subscriptions are coming in, and I am happy to say that there has been an improvement. I got a pat on the head and told what a swell job I was doing and I tell you, it made me feel like a million dollars. But the pat on the head and the praise belongs to you and all my friends who helped me out on my job. So I'm passing it along to you. Thanks heaps, folks!

But we still have a lot of work ahead of us if we're going to reach that million mark we set. Remember? So we can't just sit back and be satisfied and think that everything is perfect. There are lots of those "indifferentists" to get yet. They have to be made to see that there are no two ways about it—they just can't get along without reading SOCIAL JUSTICE. That's your job and I know you'll get busy on it.

' ' '

I had a real treat yesterday for being a good boy. I got a big dish of ice cream and a piece of fudge cake that Mary, our housekeeper, made and I thought that life was pretty swell. I was as happy as I could be. And then came the surprise!

The Boss had been working on his talk for the broadcast, and when it was finished and time for him to go up to what they call the "control room" to broadcast, he said: "Come along, Pal, I guess you can behave for an hour." So up I went with him. Gee! That was somethin'! I never was up there before. I guess now that I'm big enough to have a job I can have a few more privileges.

'Course, after the broadcast went on, I had to go on the outside, but I could see everything. The room is closed off with glass. First, Mr. Mitchell, our announcer, said something, and then my Boss stepped up in front of a funny looking black thing and he started to read his talk. It looked too funny for words to see him go through all sorts of motions and not be able to hear what he said. It was just like watching a movie when the record goes on the hummer.

There were a couple of other men sitting in the room watching a big board that had lights and other things on it. They just sat and every once in a while they would move something on the board. I asked about that afterwards, and found out that they control the sound so's you people who are listening can hear every word. I guess their job is pretty important.

Well, it was fun watching all this even if I couldn't hear anything. But I think I'll stay home next Sunday and listen in over the radio. It was quite a strain keeping so still. At home I can move around and be more comfortable.

' ' '

I was watching the people going in and out of church yesterday. Some fun! Have you seen the hats the girls are wearing?

I saw some of the girls who work in our office go in to services, and I thought I'd die laughing at what they'd rushed downtown to buy. Catherine Clinton's hat took the cake, though. It sat right up straight on her head with a great big bow on top. It looked like a pot that Mary keeps the fern in turned upside down and fixed up with a ribbon. Catherine thought she looked pretty nice; I could tell that by the way she strutted. She'd better keep it for just Sundays. If ever she wears it to work, I'll play tricks with it. I could stand on my head right on it.

' ' '

I'm in a talkative mood this morning, but I'll have to sign off now. Mr. Schwartz is pulling that one hair of his almost out of his head and rushing around collecting everybody's material for the next issue.

Before I say goodbye for this time, I want to thank you again for all your help. I know I can depend on you to keep up the good work. We're out for a million subscriptions—don't forget! Let's go!

—PAL.

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***SOCIAL JUSTICE** herewith presents one of the notable contributions of the year. Major James Strachey Barnes, internationally known lecturer and writer, is already familiar to our readers. His informed articles on Italy's experiment with Fascism are particularly remembered. His analysis of the Jewish question, written especially for the readers of this National Weekly, should be provocative of thought and wide discussion.*

—EDITOR.

The Jewish Question and Its Solution

A Jewish National Homeland Is the Alternative to an Inevitable World Conflict Over Liberalism

By Dr. J. S. BARNES

I FEEL that I am particularly well placed to expound this question; for though it means saying some hard things about the Jews, nobody can call me an anti-Semite. Personally, I hold the Jewish people in the greatest respect and admiration. Some of my best friends are Jews. I abhor every kind of persecution. I also utterly repudiate the German doctrine of Nordic racial superiority, or any other similar philosophy of race.

Incidentally, I realize – and this is a good point to make – that when the Germans, 2,000 years ago, were still mere savages, the Jews could already boast of more than a thousand years of civilized history. They had, moreover, since the beginning of time, as God' chosen people, kept pure for the world the true theology of a one, perfect, all-powerful, eternal God, conceived of as a rational and personal being, and had already contributed to the world not only the highest expression of ethical law up to that time conceived but one of its greatest literatures.

If the Germans, on the other hand, have during recent centuries contributed more to the civilization of mankind than the Jews, perhaps the Jews may one day again surpass the Germans, especially were it possible to provide them with a national home and State where their genius once more could be permitted to develop untrammelled and unperverted.

Nevertheless, I recognize that a Jewish question exists; and it is not only a question of Jewish persecution. It is a fundamental question which calls for a radical solution not only on grounds of humanity and of charity, but on grounds of the true self-interest of both Jew and Gentile. It is a world-wide problem, moreover, on the solution of which the fate of Christendom hinges.

* * *

The root cause of this Jewish question is the Jewish dispersion. For this, as a Christian, I blame not so much the Romans who were directly responsible for the dispersion, but the Jews themselves; for I hold that their dispersion was due to the very special displeasure of God for their rejection of the Messiah and His murder.

The Jews of course do not admit this, and this is not the place for arguing the case. It might as well be pointed out, however, that according to their own sacred books, the Jews, before the Crucifixion, often had incurred the special displeasure of God, and therefore often had been punished. God the Father, the Jewish *Javeh,* indeed, represents the principle of divine law, the law of cause and effect, the supreme concept of which is that the wages of sin are death.

While it is not for the individual Christian to wreak vengeance on the Jews for the murder of the Son of Man, Who is Very God, the chastisement of the Jews – and their dispersal and subsequent persecutions by Christian society – can be said to be the inevitable effect of the greatest crime in history, for which they have been made to suffer in full measure in accordance with the principle of retributive justice.

From the Christian point of view there is no getting away from this; and from the Christian point of view again there can be but one perfect remedy, namely, the individual repentance and conversion of Jews and their absorption into Gentile society. As a body, however, the Jews have rejected and are likely to continue to reject this solution.

The Jews are a peculiar people and aim resolutely at maintaining their peculiarity.

They are indeed fanatical racists.

They aim at maintaining both their racial purity and their exclusive particularist religion, by which their racist tendencies are cemented.

They do not wish to be fully assimilated by the peoples among whom they have settled.

They therefore remain, as a body, a largely unassimilable group, with international loyalties which transcend any national loyalties that they may have acquired in the course of their migrations. This, in a nutshell, is the essence of the practical problem.

* * *

From the Jewish point of view, there are two solutions. The minority favor one solution, which is acceptable to Christendom. The majority favor the other, which is unacceptable to Christendom.

Let us take the second of these solutions first, namely, the triumph of political, doctrinaire Liberalism.

When the humanist movement, initiated by the Renaissance, ran away with itself and developed into an unbridled spiritual individualism, which became manifest first in the religious sphere with the rise of Protestantism and the breakdown over large areas of Christendom of religious authority, the movement known as Liberalism arose and was later elaborated into a clear-cut political doctrine by the French.

In this movement the Jews saw the means of their emancipation. They consequently threw – and I do not blame them – all their weight into securing its triumph. They joined hands in this task with the Freemasons of the Grand Orient, which more than any other organization became responsible for promoting the movement – aiming at the overthrow of the old privileged caste system. At the destruction of the Catholic Church as the main stronghold of the principle of authority. At the establishment of free trade. At equality before the law. At providing the widest possible opportunities for all, however lowly born, to rise to the highest places of authority (together with all that this principle connotes, namely, free education for all and the equal

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(Continued from Page 3)

vote, Republicanism and a very considerable degree of State Socialism, which in ultimate analysis is but the logical end towards which the acceptance of this principle is bound to tend). At humanitarian solidarity irrespective of class or race or nation.

The French Revolution was the spark which made Liberalism a political reality. The doctrine spread into many parts of the world and was adopted especially as a practical idealism by the Anglo-Saxon peoples. It resulted in enormously stimulating initiative. It dominated the direction taken by politics throughout the 19th century. It brought about, *inter alia,* what the Jews had foreseen: their emancipation. Its march was only arrested when its ultimate logical consequences became more and more apparent, namely, the blurring of national personality (running counter to the contemporary intensification of the nationalist movement), the breakdown of the Christian religion into agnosticism and atheism, and class warfare.

With all the good that Liberalism contained (and it contained much good) it was founded on a lie, namely, the rejection of universal standards of value and of fixed moral principles, and on the misplaced belief that reason would necessarily prevail as the result of giving free play to competitive opinion, that social equilibrium would be maintained as the result of giving free play to competitive interests.

But the Jew is not afraid of the ultimate consequences of this doctrine. The breakdown of Christianity into agnosticism and atheism is entirely to his advantage. Except for the Catholic, it would make of his own sect, which is also in many ways authoritarian and therefore not easily undermined, the most formidable moral influence in the West. Because his sect represents, unlike the Catholic, a racial, purely self-regarding, particularist creed, not universal and not proselytizing, the growth of agnosticism and atheism beyond the pale of Jewry is not only a matter of complete indifference to him but a means of moral ascendancy and so a guiding rein of power.

Again, the blurring of national personality reinforces his own personality which would remain distinct and, given his international status, would tend to make Jewry the one solid international bond.

Finally, class warfare must end (since no unstable equilibrium can long endure) in the triumph either of the proletariat or of the money interest. The Jew knows that the triumph of the proletariat can be only shortlived, for in the long run quality and brains are bound to overcome quantity and ignorance. This means, if Liberalism is allowed to develop unchecked to its logical conclusions, the ultimate dictatorship of the moneyed interests will result. Thus the Jew is confident, given his undoubted genius for finance, he will be able, if not to control entirely, at least to straddle.

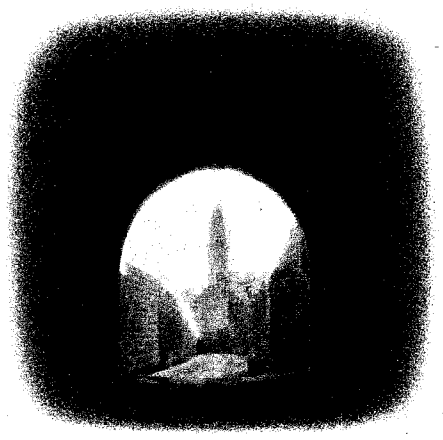
No wonder, then, the Jews have become the protagonists of political, doctrinaire Liberalism! And, fundamentally opposed, *not to the Jew but to the Jew as the protagonist of Liberalism,* stands the Christian Church and all true Christians.

The Catholic Church, for example, is not opposed to the good that is contained in Liberalism, but it is opposed to its basic doctrines, namely, the rejection of the principle of authority and the subjectivism of

Pope Leo XIII has made the Catholic position in this respect quite clear in his magnificent encyclical on *Liberty* — alas, not sufficiently well known.

In this encyclical he alludes to Liberalism, as defined, as that "vile perversion." Nothing, indeed, could be stronger or more explicit than his condemnation of this doctrine so destructive of social welfare and of truth. Because so much of what is condemned has effectively penetrated into the consciousness of the modern world, it is time Christians began to undertake a spring cleaning of their minds in relation to it. Many of us would be surprised at the quantity of dirt that we have unconsciously absorbed.

The above, in brief, is the reason why Christendom must reject the solution to the Jewish problem advocated by the majority of Jews today, namely, Liberalism of which Communism is one logical outcome and the dictatorship of the moneyed interests the other. This indeed is the supreme issue today: The great war of ideas in which we are all willy nilly involved, wherein nation is divided against nation and even individual loyalties are set at daggers



drawn. We can no longer afford to prevaricate. We must take our stand on fundamentals.

If Liberalism grows, Jew and Christian are bound to come into conflict. The result of that conflict means either the smashing up of Christendom and of all the ideals of Christian society or the persecution of the Jews in a manner hitherto undreamed of. It has already become a matter of paramount importance to Christendom to put an end to the influence of Jewry as the protagonist of Liberalism, or we shall be swept by Jewry into a world war which will have for its purpose the establishment of Liberalism with, in many parts of the world, all the horrors of Communism as a half-way house.

The Jews, who are in favor of Liberalism as the solution of their problem, want this war and are doing everything they can to foment it. This explains the connivance of so many Jews with Communism. These Jews do not stick at the means they are prepared to employ. The majority of Jews may not see eye to eye with these Jews, but they play the same game in conspiring to bring about a war against the authoritarian States in the name of Democracy, which they purposely (though erroneously) identify with Liberalism.

The alternative solution to the Jewish problem is the Christian solution and the solution advocated by the wiser and better Jews, namely, Zionism, which means giving the Jews a national home and a national State of their own.

Palestine, however, is not the solution for the very simple reason that Palestine is not even large enough to provide a home for the 6,000,000 unhappy and oppressed Jews who live at present, unemancipated, in Central and Eastern Europe. It is a country no larger than New Hampshire and not nearly as fertile. Moreover, over 750,000 Arabs already live there and very naturally claim the country for their own.

Some larger and potentially richer country must be found for them—one where not only the oppressed Jews, but Jews from all the world over can go to settle, multiply and prosper; where they can develop a civilization of their own; where they will have no longer any more reason to be the protagonists of Liberalism; where they can be nationalist, distributivist, and corporativist and so harmonize their social and political activities with Christendom.

Northern Rhodesia has been mentioned as this Promised Land and it seems to me to be a suitable choice.

The New Deal Propaganda Machine

Mr. Roosevelt Has Tripled the Number of Government Press Agents Operating in the National Capital

WHERE did that "news story" on W.P.A. activities—the one your local newspaper carried last week—originate?

Very likely it originated inside W.P.A. headquarters in Washington, D.C., and was handed out in mimeographed form as a "news release" to correspondents, or was mailed directly to your editor. Since the advent of Mr. Roosevelt the number of Government press agents has been tripled, and salaries for Government propagandists now cost you nearly one million dollars yearly.

Strictly speaking, there is no such thing as a "Government press agent." Congress took care of that, or thought it did, back in 1913 when it passed a bill stating that: "No money appropriated by this or any other act shall be used for the compensation of any publicity experts unless specifically appropriated for that purpose."

But the ways of the administration are strange, and the titles given to press agents, or propagandists, are even stranger.

Today, press agents are called "directors of information," clerks, executive assistants, secretaries, statisticians, editors—anything. When Mr. Roosevelt came to office there were 51 offices of information and publications. Now there are 82. Then there were fewer than 100 paid Government propagandists; now there are more than

payers less than $250,00 per year; now the cost of salaries alone for propagandists and their assistants towers at more than $700,000 a year.

The fact is the New Deal in Washington has developed the slickest propaganda machine ever conceived. Through high salaries—many of them more than $5,000 yearly, for full or part-time service—the New Deal has been able to attract newspapermen of long standing, who know how to make "the stuff" acceptable to the local editors. And this is only the official propaganda machine in Washington; not the scores of propaganda bureaus established in states, cities and counties.

New York's Representative Bruce Barton, long prominent in the world of advertising, has been a bitter critic of the New Deal's giant propaganda machine. His attack was centered on the National Emergency Council, set up originally by the New Deal to co-ordinate all administration propaganda. Representative Barton has charged that the council is but a front "for 200 press agents spreading propaganda for the New Deal. From this long advertising experience Barton, if no one else, would be able to ferret out the nerve center of the Roosevelt administration's "information" service.

While the N.E.C. does not function

it sponsors the United States Information Service which in turn deals directly with the individual, ignoring the press and the radio. If a person wishes the answer to a local question of Federal policy or administration, the United States Information Service will supply him with the necessary material, or the name of the local New Deal politician who will take care of him.

In 1936, Federal agencies, exclusive of the W. P. A. under Harry Hopkins, spent $521,000 on salaries for publicity men. This sum represents salaries strictly, and does not provide for supplies or materials. The figures are those of a Senate Investigating Committee which dipped into the problem. What the W. P. A. spent was not ascertained, although, like every other prominent New Deal agency it had its press "representatives" in Washington, and in nearly every other state.

The New Deal's propaganda machine performs a service for Washington correspondents who could not "cover" everything, of course. But that is not its principal function. Its main purpose is to convince the electorate of the United States that "investment" spending of billions upon billions, to be repaid by future generations, is a wise policy; that this nation can endure only so long as the New Deal endures.

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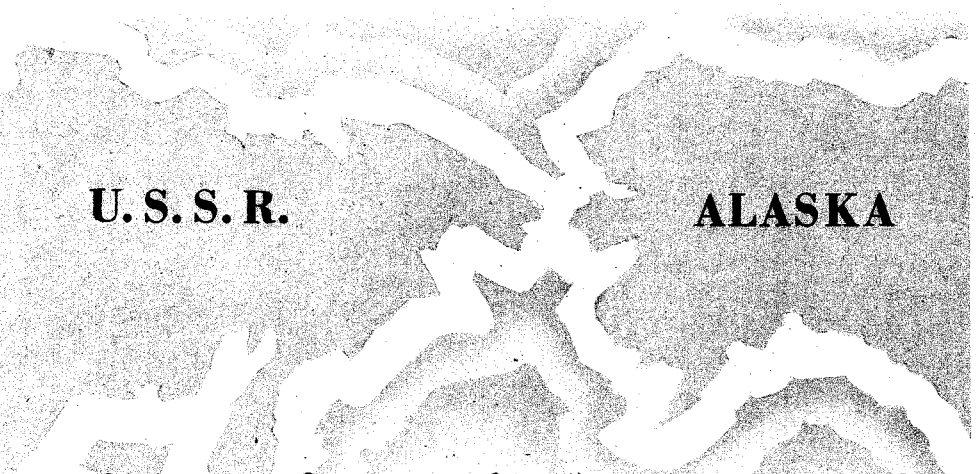
Father Bernard R. Hubbard, S.J., the "Glacier Priest," in an Exclusive Interview Tells of Christian Alaska and Anti-Christian Russia—Separated Only by 40 Miles of Water in the Bering Strait. Can Communist Russia Endure? Father Hubbard Says "No"



Across the Strait Lies Russia

By JOSEPH P. WRIGHT

ON Alaska's King Island at the top of the world, near the point where the Seward peninsula juts out into the eternal fog of the Bering Strait, stands a figure of Christ the King, His kindly face turned toward a vast country gone mad—Communist Russia.

Here, where the godless domain of the Soviets is only 40 miles from United States territory, is the mission-land of Father Bernard R. Hubbard, S.J., the "Glacier Priest."

The benign *Christus* stands facing this nation where Satanic madmen have driven the last spark of liberty from the breasts of 170-million subjects. One arm is thrust leftward, toward the point where the international dateline veers off to the southwest. One hand extends to the right, where the dateline courses upward through the Arctic Sea to the North Pole.

On one side is Asia; on the other North America. On one side it is Sunday; on the other it is Saturday. On one side is paganism darker than that of Nero; on the other, Christianity. On one side, bestial brutality; on the other Christian love, for American Catholic missionaries have established themselves in these Arctic reaches to preach Christianity to the Eskimos, to spark the rise of civilization here as its flames are extinguished in other lands.

With a perpetual smile that strikes you as having been frozen in place by a chill Arctic wind that tanned his face a leathery brown, the Glacier Priest explains that out of his yearly exploration trips to this Alaskan northland has grown his desire to make Eskimos more understanding of America, and Americans more understanding of Alaska.

None is more ideally equipped to carry out this mission. As a geologist attached to San Francisco's Santa Clara University, as a lecturer and writer of nationwide renown, Father Hubbard qualifies as a foremost American. As an explorer who has "shot" Alaska from 40,000 photographic angles and taken more than 750,000 feet of motion picture film, Father Hubbard qualifies as an immigrant Alaskan.

It is believed that Father Hubbard has offered the sacrifice of the mass in more places where it was never said before than any living priest. That he has been able to do this is his sole and modest boast. He it was who erected the statue of Christ the King in the fog-veiled Arctic. As a devout flock of Eskimos gathered for dedication services about this symbolic figure, the Glacier Priest ignited 150,000 feet of Hollywood movie film—pictures banned by the Legion of Decency, and taken with him on his latest trip to the Arctic for this very purpose. With this holocaust of canned indecency, the natives dedicated their *Christus*.

"As the celluloid sparkled and crackled," Father Hubbard explains, "the flames leaped high into the air. They flared so brightly the natives on the mainland, 30 miles away, believed the Northern Lights had changed place."

* * *

Father Hubbard knows Alaska, and he knows Russia which lies directly across the Bering Strait. As a student, he has traced the rise and fall of

civilization in each of the continents. "Civilization arose in Asia when Europe was a wilderness," he says, "but it toppled. Then it arose in Europe when North America was a wilderness, but it toppled. Then it arose in Central North America when the northland was a wilderness, but it is toppling. Thus, Alaska may be the last frontier of civilization as we know it."

On this Alaskan frontier, Father Hubbard explains, the Eskimos, of Indian origin, have taken devoutly to Christianity. They are civilized. "The movies have done the Eskimos a horrible injustice," the Glacier Priest asserts. "The movie conception of 'brute' Eskimo life is no more typical of the Eskimo people as a whole than *'Tobacco Road'* is typical of life in the United States at large.

"The natives of King Island, in the Bering Strait, may be considered as the norm of northland society. These people live simply, without care and without worry. Their life is like that in the ordinary United States city, but with the sordidness removed. In 50 years these people have had not one divorce, not one murder, not one suicide, not one case of venereal disease.

"There are no physicians and no dentists on the island. A tribal chieftain, a kindly old fellow, serves as doctor, dentist and midwife. In his time he has made 1,250 deliveries, without the loss of a single child!"

Father Hubbard loves to "debunk" Alaska, and Russia. "Unfortunately," he says, "there are no Eskimos living in igloos; there are none living on blubber. In fact—and I'm almost ashamed to say this—some Eskimos actually are buying refrigerators!"

Of the Matanuska colony established by the New Deal, Father Hubbard shakes his head. It has not been a noteworthy success, he says, but the fault is more with the settlers than with the land settled. These 20th century "pioneers" who moved northward, he explains, were not conditioned for pioneer life. They were, in many instances, too full of presumption; too lacking in determination. "The land is good enough for them," Father Hubbard says, "the question is: are they good enough for the land?"

* * *

Directly across the Bering Strait lies the land of the Soviets, where minor officials of the U. S. S. R. abide to gnash their teeth at the progress of Christianity across the way. But the God-fearing and the God-hating are thrown into even closer juxtaposition than this. Right in the middle of the strait, separated only by the International dateline, are the Diomede Islands, "big" and "little." The Soviets own the "big," the United States the "little."

Father Tom Cunningham, a Jesuit missionary, received a taste of Soviet hospitality last summer. Father Hubbard tells the story thus: "Father Tom and a few Eskimos were moving through the Bering Strait in a storm. In attempting to reach the little Diomede, their frail oomiak was buffeted about and thrown against the shore of the Big Diomede.

"As they scrambled from the boat, a burly, bushy-whiskered Soviet official came running to meet them, pistol in hand. He commanded them to board a waiting airplane. They were flown quickly to Wellen, Siberia, where another Soviet official handed them a lengthy document, the burden of which was to inform them they were being arrested for entering Russia illegally!

"It was ridiculous to make such a charge, of course, because international law provides that a storm-driven craft may land at any port. Father Tom knew this, and knew furthermore that the entire charge was trumped-up.

"Father Tom finally wriggled out of the situation. Stalling for time, he insisted on reading the lengthy document word for word. From time to time he would confer with his Eskimos in their native tongue, infuriating the Soviets who did not understand the language. Finally, with studied pause and seriousness, he informed the Soviet officials that the warrant was no good, because it wasn't signed by both President Roosevelt and Joe Stalin! It worked."

The people of Russia, Father Hubbard is convinced, are nauseated with Comunism, and Communism in Russia is on the way out. "You can fool some of the people for quite a while," he says, "but the Soviet dictators have tried to fool them for too long. One generation is enough. The people of Russia now are awakening to learn that their dream of Utopia has been shattered. The Russians were induced to submit to Communism as the price of a promise of liberty. Now, after more than 20 years, they have neither the promise, nor the liberty."

* * *

Father Hubbard has a word to say about Communism in the United States. "Our educators who consider the theory of Communism, and consider it favorably, are divorcing it from its practical application. There is a wide breach between the theory of Communism and its realization, and both are extremely bad.

"After 20 years, Russia now is so impotent it could be whipped in a military struggle by little Finland. But agents of Russia have swarmed over the earth, in an attempt to convert it—and to pervert it—to the ideal of Russianized Communism.

"Russia, an oriental country, makes face-saving gestures. Saving face is important in Asia. She has been humiliated internationally at every turn. She lost out in the Japanese incidents. She lost out in her bid for war of the democracies against the dictatorships in the Czecho-Slovakian crisis. She made a pretense of military strength with bunk stories about her air force, about her parachute squadrons which would drop men by the hundreds behind enemy lines. This is poppycock. If any of these parachute men dropped behind the lines, they would be massacred forthwith—assuming that their planes were able to pass the enemy anti-aircraft batteries in the first place."

Father Hubbard the explorer-priest, is Father Hubbard the adventurer. His hobby, which he mentions frequently, is to offer the mass where it has never been offered before. On the first Friday of September, 1938, he slipped over to Siberian territory and answered the Soviet denunciation of religion by celebrating mass on this atheistic soil. Returning to Thursday, he celebrated the same mass again—"an excellent way to make the nine Fridays," the priest observes laughingly.

But it is the land of the Eskimo, their oomiaks, their dog teams that is the love of Father Hubbard. "That's real country," he says with a satisfied smile. "No gossipers, no sham, no pretense—just the charity of simplicity." He describes a group

(Continued on Page 18)

Father Bernard R. Hubbard, S. J.

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Unmasking Red Spain

Daily Disclosures Confirm Communist Nature of Loyalists

ALMOST daily since General Franco's occupation of Barcelona American newspaper readers have had unfolded for them shocking proofs of the Communist-supported Loyalist government in Spain. A few papers, like your own National Weekly SOCIAL JUSTICE, disclosed the Red nature of the Loyalist regime, but for the general public a richly endowed propaganda directed by Ferdinand de los Rios, Spanish ambassador in Washington, had countered these revelations.

On January 29, in a report from Burgos, the *New York Enquirer* stated that "a list of names of prominent Americans, most of them New Yorkers and many of them influential, who helped the Spanish Red government, has been found in the abandoned Red headquarters in Barcelona." This headquarters was in Hotel Colon, an exclusive photograph of which is shown on this page, and published here for what is perhaps the first time in this country.

On February 3, the Associated Press in a dispatch from Barcelona reported:

"Insurgent authorities today conducted foreign representatives accredited to government Spain on a tour of what they charged were "torture chambers" used by the Spanish government before Barcelona fell. Douglas Flood, United States vice-consul, said the tour was 'very interesting'."

* * *

Not many Americans are actively interested in Spain, and in consequence most of them have accepted the prevailing reports about events there without challenge, comments H. L. Mencken in the *Baltimore Sun*. He adds:

"Those reports have emanated in the overwhelming main from propagandists for the Marxian brand of "democracy." They have depicted the members of the Madrid camorra as "pure-hearted patriots sworn to save their fatherland from Moors, Italians, and other such monsters" and Franco and his fellow army officers as traitors in the service of Spain's enemies. All the confiscations, burnings, lootings, and murders by the Reds have been played down as sad, but inevitable incidents of civil war, and every military operation by the Nationalists has been depicted as a brutal and witless attack on unarmed civilians . . .

* * *

"When General Franco and his gorillas began to close in on Barcelona the American customers of Marxian 'democracy' got into a panic and started to stampede Washington," observes Mr. Mencken. "Their idea was, first, to hustle the Administration into lifting the embargo on arms shipments to Spain and, second, to make assurance doubly sure by alarming Congress into repealing the Neutrality Act.

"The so-called League for Peace and Democracy naturally took the lead in these pacific proceedings, but there were plenty of other volunteers, including some of the principal wizards of the New Deal. The latter believe, and with considerable plausibility, that the best way to get the Hon. Mr. Roosevelt a third term and so insure their own places at the trough will be to start a war scare, and they know it will be much easier to start one if the Neutrality Act is disposed of.

"Unfortunately for them, this great moral campaign has already got itself into trouble . . . And no wonder, for what could be plainer than the fraudulence of the Marxian idealists' belated concern for democracy, whether in Spain or this country?

"The thing they are really interested in, in both cases and all other cases, is simply the furtherance of Communism and nothing else. They courted the politicos who chased out Alfonso XIII in 1931, just as they are now courting the New Dealers here. But once the Spanish republic was set up they began to devour it, and in a little while they had ruined it.

"Within six weeks of the day Alfonso slipped over the border, Madrid was swarming with experts in 'democracy' imported from Moscow, and simultaneously the confiscation of property, the burning of churches and the murder of people began."

Communist Symbols that Greeted Gen. Franco on His Entrance Into Barcelona

Our Frontier Lies at Home

By

HON. WILLIAM E. BORAH

U. S. Senator From Idaho

IN MY OPINION 90 per cent of our troubles are domestic rather than foreign.

We still have some 10 or 11 million unemployed, and perhaps half of our population living upon the bare necessities of life. That is a situation which to me is more menacing than any foreign problem. We have also the agricultural problem still awaiting some satisfactory solution, old age pensions, the railroad problem, and perhaps a dozen other problems, all of which are pressing for adjustment.

If we can cope successfully with these, our own domestic problems, and bring back contentment and prosperity to our own people, we need not trouble ourselves about foreign propaganda. The real danger to this Republic lies in these distressing, demoralizing conditions and the aptitude and ability of foreign "isms" to take advantage of them.

With 10 or 11 million people unemployed, with half the population living on the bare necessities of life, with children insufficiently clothed and insufficiently fed, our danger arises from our domestic problems. Even if no dictator cursed the earth, these conditions, if long continued, would destroy the Republic.

The terrific forces against which free government must guard are not so much armies and navies, but systems and ideologies marching, as it were, in the wake of hunger and distress and a confused and broken national spirit. The source of totalitarian power and success is in a demoralized and broken down political and economic and social life.

Our salvation, our security, rests in our loyalty to our principles and to our people. They rest in our ability and willingness to preserve our bill of rights, and the physical and moral well-being of our people. Failing in this, we will fail in all other respects. One hundred and thirty million people enjoying the blessings of liberty, contentment and prosperity need have no fear.

In other words, under the peculiar conditions which confront us, the kind of danger itself against which we must guard, calls for that preparedness which is found in the hearts and minds and souls of men and women.

We would not, of course, ignore wholly or consider carelessly the matter of military preparedness. The danger from that source is remote, not probable. If we can remove the suffering and distress in our own country, we will at the same time remove much of the threat from abroad. But, if these problems are not adjusted and the people relieved of this frightful situation, you cannot put enough battleships on the sea, nor enough airplanes in the air, to give contentment and security to democracy.

Remember the Alcazar!

ALCAZAR, the ancient Gothic castle, in the center of the Spanish town of Toledo, withstood for 72 days the onslaught of thousands of Reds, determined to take it and to murder every soul within—officers, men, women and children. General Moscardo and 1,600 persons had decided to die in the old citadel ruins rather than live in Spain under the vicious tyranny of Moscow-Jews.

The Alcazar was a Spanish West Point, of Sandhurst, a training college for army officers. Officer-teachers and cadets, when the Red revolution surprised them, succeeded in providing themselves with arms, rifles and machine guns and ample ammunition.

When the Red mob surrounded the Alcazar, and called upon these patriotic "rebels" to surrender, officer-teachers and cadets, and even the women residing there, many with small children, unanimously authorized General Moscardo, head of the college, to refuse in the name of Spain. Rather than give themselves to the questionable mercies of the Reds — the atrocities of whom had terrified every Spanish soul—they would fight! And fight they did, for 72 days!

Against tremendous odds they withstood the siege.

When nothing brought success, the Reds fell on a fiendish plan. The son of General Moscardo had been taken prisoner by the Reds. The telephone cable from the town to the citadel was still in working order. The Reds called up General Moscardo and told him that they had his son. They gave him ten minutes to surrender, or the son would be shot. They then made the boy speak to his father. The father heard him relate the ultimatum as the Reds had given it to him.

There was a full minute of silence. A minute of superhuman struggle in the heart of a loving father!

Finally, General Moscardo gave the answer — now famous throughout Spain.

"My dear boy, they gave us ten minutes. Nine are already gone. There is just time enough for you to call: Viva Espana!"

The son was shot.

The siege of the Alcazar was relieved.

Its example of heroism, of sacrifice for country, carried the Spanish people on to confidence in their victory.

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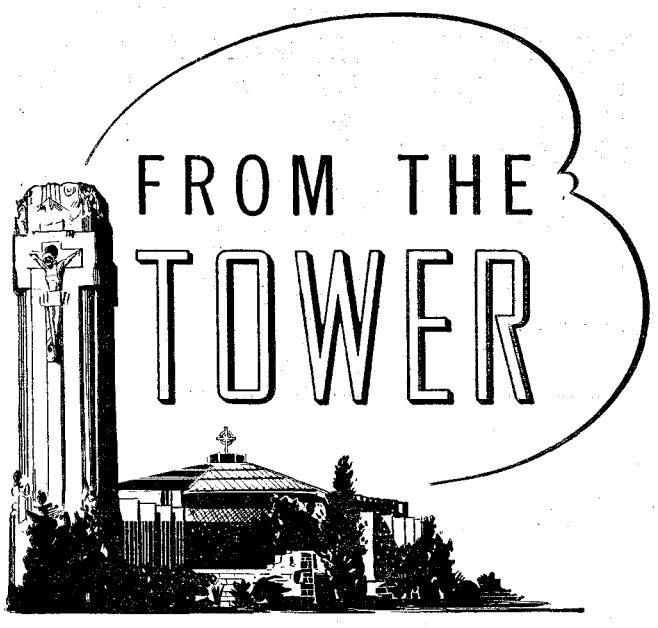

An Observation . . .

We Realize That we do not live by bread alone. But we also realize that we cannot live without bread. Now the problem of bread is not only the subject matter of economics. It is also the subject matter of religion; for religious principles must govern economics and economics in turn govern the production of bread.

Consider the above paragraph in the light of the Biblical statement which says that man does not live by bread alone but by every word that proceedeth from the mouth of God.

The science of economics is concerned with the production and distribution of wealth. That we can produce wealth in abundance is well recognized. That we do not distribute it with equity or scientifically is also apparent. Certainly there is something wrong not with the science of economics, but with some principles of abuse which have crept into that science.

Between the production of a loaf of bread and its consumption by a family there enter several elements, among which is labor, or work. The rule is that we eat bread by the sweat of our brow. The exception to the rule is that some people eat bread—people who are unable to work—through the processes of charity.

We are speaking of the rule and not of the exception. We are thinking of the loaf of bread produced by the baker; of the labor which the factory man expends for money; of the purchase of that loaf of bread at the grocery; and of its appearance on the table at the evening meal. Between the loaf of bread and the hungry mouths of the children who eat it there stands the father's labor. Ordinarily speaking, his children cannot have bread unless the father labors. If he labors for less money than is needed to buy the bread, he cannot buy the bread and his children remain hungry.

Therefore, labor and the salary which the laboring man receives for his work are the important steps between bread and life from an economic viewpoint.

It is obvious that the laboring man must be paid a sufficient salary to enable him to purchase the necessities of life. It is obvious that his employer must be able to employ him profitably. If the latter cannot employ labor profitably, he will not employ labor at all. In other words, if a motor manufacturer cannot sell cars at a profit, he will close his factory and the father of the hungry children will receive no salary.

Consequently, the loaf of bread on the table at the evening meal is also related to the motor manufacturer and to the ability of the general public to buy the manufacturer's products.

Money . . .

The Money Which the manufacturer pays to labor is not wealth. It is not bread. It is not clothing. It is not shelter.

Money is only the receipt for wealth. It is a receipt which, for all practical purposes, says that society owes the holder of money a certain debt, which debt is expressed in bread, shelter, clothing and the necessities of life upon which there is a certain price tag.

Now it is plain that if the manufacturer pays the laborer $100 a week and if butter is $5 a pound, bread $1 a loaf, milk $1 a quart and other commodities at prices just as ridiculous, the $100 a week amounts to starvation wages.

In other words, it isn't what a man receives in salary that counts so much as what the salary will purchase.

If people do not understand this relationship between bread, wages, money and prices, all the labor unions in America, neglecting this vital relationship and permitting the financial abuses now extant to continue, will never accomplish very much for the laboring man.

Objectives . . .

One of the Objectives of labor unions should concern itself not only with adequate wages but with fair prices. Another objective should concern itself not only with decent working conditions but with ample purchasing power for the general public.

Some day labor will recognize how disastrous it is to permit government to deny to the general public ample purchasing power. Labor will recognize that this denial of purchasing power always occurs when government increases taxation. And taxation always is increased when government lets a private corporation like the Federal Reserve Bank issue billions of dollars in checks to the government and demands that these dollars be paid back with interest at a given date. This makes the government nothing more than the collector for the Federal Reserve Banks. And the government always collects from labor.

Does labor know that there are 157 taxes on a loaf of bread?

Contribution . . .

The Honorable Frank Carlson of Kansas contributes a most interesting and revealing group of statistics which I am using in the remainder of this article. He says:

DEFICIT

"It is interesting to note that in 1930, before the deficit began, the Federal debt stood at $16,185,000,000. In the message as submitted to Congress by the Bureau of the Budget we find at the end of the fiscal year 1940, according to their estimates, the debt will have reached the enormous total of $44,458,000,000. In other words, we have added a debt of more than $28,273,000,000 in 10 years.

INCOME

"The Roosevelt administration is responsible for all of this amount with the exception of approximately $5-billion. It has been the theory of the present administration to secure recovery by pump priming or bring about prosperity by spending borrowed money. The facts are that in 1932 we had a national income of $40-billion. In 1938 it was something over $60-billion. These results should prove to anyone that we cannot spend borrowed money continually and secure national prosperity and security. This excessive spending and taxation of our citizens and industries paralyzes business, destroys confidence, and increases our unemployment problem.

"On February 1 of this year the national debt amounted to a new all-time high of $39,684,970,614, and the deficit for the fiscal year beginning last July 1 is over $2-billion. At the present rate it will be well over $3-billion by June 30.

OUTGO

"At the present time the Federal Government is spending money at the rate of $18,000 per minute. If we total the expenditures of the State, county, and local governments, we will find it approximates $17-billion, or more than 25 per cent of our national income. This means that every citizen must work 1 day out of every 4 for the Government.

"Unfortunately, many of our citizens are led to believe that the rich are going to pay the taxes, that the Federal Government should never hesitate to spend money, as the taxes are always paid somewhere else or by someone else. For your information I am submitting a recent quotation from Roger W. Babson on this subject:

"'Last year public spending, including not only the Federal but the state, county, and local governments, totaled $17-billion. This represented more than 25 per cent of the national income. Add up the number of individuals getting support from the Government. My figures show 25,000,000. One person out of every six gets his livelihood from the Government. There are only 51,000,000 workers who should be gainfully employed. This means that every private wage earner is not only supporting his family, but another person, on the public payroll.

A FAMILY

"'Just for illustration, let us take a family which earns $37 a week, $150 a month, or $1,800 a year. Studies show that such a family spends about $10 per week, or $500 a year, on food. Of this, 70 cents per week, or $35 per year, represents hidden taxes. Each year these taxes add over $5 to the milk bill, $9 to the butcher's statement, $5 to the butter and egg man's bill, $5 to the baker's charges. On every roast of beef here are 127 hidden taxes; on every loaf of bread, 53 unseen taxes.

"'The average family probably spends $30 per month for rent. Of this amount, $7.50 per month, or $90 a year, is for local taxes. Each year the automobile eats up $175 of the family's income. In this amount is $35 for the tax collector. The same official, through 79 separate taxes, takes $5 out of a $50 suit. With 143 different taxes, he grabs 50 per cent of the price of a package of cigarettes. This newspaper is paying 83 taxes you readers know nothing about. Every movie ticket carries 61 hidden donations to the Public Treasury. And when someone dies, these invisible taxes hit a record high—there are 157 of them.

"'All told, this average family—which owns no real property and thinks it pays no taxes—forks over $230 to $240 of its annual income of $1,800 for hidden taxes. This represents one-seventh of the total income. It means that for every 6 days the family bread-winner works for himself, he works 1 for the tax collector. (In the case of very wealthy people the reverse is true; they work 1 day for themselves and 6 for the public.) The significant point is that these unseen taxes are rising every year. In 1933 the hidden tax collector forced the wage earner to work only 1 day in 10. How soon will he be working 1 day in 3?'"

Father Coughlin

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NATIONAL WEEKLY

Social Justice

Founded 1936 by Father Coughlin

Rev. Chas. E. Coughlin, LL.D.

EDITORIAL COUNSEL

Published by The Social Justice Publishing Co.

16 PRINCIPLES OF SOCIAL JUSTICE

Liberty of conscience and education.
Just living annual wage.
Nationalization of important public resources.
Private ownership of all other property.
Control of private property for public good.
Abolition of Federal Reserve Banking System and establishment of a government-owned Central Bank.
Restoration to Congress of its sole right to coin and regulate the value of money.
Cost of living maintained on an even keel.
Cost of production plus a fair profit for the farmer.
Labor's right to organize.
Recall of non-productive bonds.
Abolition of tax-exempt bonds.
Broadened base of taxation on basis of ownership and capacity to pay.
Simplification of government and lower taxes.
Conscription of wealth as well as men in event of war.
Sanctity of human rights preferred to sanctity of property with government's chief concern for the poor.

We Do Not Like It

DISCLOSURES of the last week have informed the nation that our manufacture of military airplanes for France was a secret arrangement. Moreover the President of the United States personally engineered the deal *against the advice and over the objection* of our own military experts.

Fulfilling our airplane construction for the accommodation of France will seriously handicap our own preparedness program, the Army's military advisers warned. Furthermore, the deal gives France her only airplane equipment equal or superior to Germany's, while depriving the United States of it.

But what has not been disclosed—or forgotten since it was—is the fact that France's state of unpreparedness *is due to the very mistake that this country is now making.*

The leftist government of Premier Leon Blum made military airplanes and other armament for the Communists in Spain. So complete was this friendly aid to Mr. Blum's fellow "democrats" in Loyalist Spain that Blum's successor found France herself vulnerably unarmed.

If it was natural for France to turn to America's idle airplane factories for aid why all the secrecy? Except for the crash of a United States airplane on an army test flight, with a French military observer on board, this nation today would be no wiser.

An exposed secret always looks worse than would the bald facts presented in an honest above-board manner.

America is very definitely on record against secret diplomacy and all its works. Mr. Roosevelt, or any other President, who attempts to play in secret with European diplomats will burn his fingers as the late Mr. Wilson did. What a dictatorial reorganization bill, the supreme court pack, or a lift-the-embargo overture failed to cost the President in popularity, this exposure of a secret deal with France at the expense of our own safety, may.

Another Resignation

JOINING A LONG list of men whose minds no longer "go along with" the Rooseveltian New Deal, Mr. Wayne Chatfield Taylor has resigned as assistant Treasury Secretary.

Mr. Taylor had long been in disagreement with the activity of the United States Treasury Department on behalf of so-called democratic nations against the totalitarian states.

According to the news dispatches from Washington, Mr. Taylor objected to silver purchases from China and Loyalist Spain, designed to help those governments financially; as well as to the un-neutral $25-million loan to China. Intimate friends of the assistant Treasury secretary disclose, however, that it was the secret airplane deal with France that determined his resignation.

In the early days of the Roosevelt New Deal there was an excessive "turnover"; a veritable parade of brain trusters walked out on the President. Later, there was the political purge of Congressmen and other officials, even governors of states, because they dared to disagree with what seemed to them the dictatorial ambitions of the Chief Executive of the nation.

Now, there appears to be an exodus of patriots. With men of demonstrated ability and known loyalty to America—men like Ambassador Kennedy and now Mr. Taylor—their only way of registering an ignored protest is to resign their office.

Sixteen Principles

AT THE TOP OF THIS PAGE, as a regular part of the editorial masthead of your National Weekly, appears in briefly condensed form the sixteen principles of social justice. Their appearance has become "automatic" and their acceptance habitual with readers.

Granted that the leisured day for study clubs teaching is past, and that we are confronted with the need for action, nevertheless the "sixteen principles of social justice" have never been equalled for an action program. No Old World diplomat, pulling his people out of the welter of depression, ever had a better program.

We are, perhaps, too likely to regard these principles as abstractions and not practically applicable to the immediate tasks at hand. Let it be said right here that the living annual wage, for example, is no abstraction. It is an indispensible necessity! Failure to pay any worker a living wage throws him onto the public purse for the needed additional aid, just as definitely as any jobless dolester.

The depression was not an accident. It was *created.* Readers of SOCIAL JUSTICE already know that story well. It is being perpetuated by its creators. Monetary legislation, therefore, is another immediate application of a social justice principle. And so on through the whole list.

These principles do not become outdated, any more than do the Ten Commandments. In the first place, they represent a most considered and expert summarizing of the teachings of two great Popes on the reconstruction of a Christian social order.

While not relaxing our vigilance to save America from designing destructionists, we need to be more positive in the application of the sixteen principles, if we are ever to realize the establishment of a Christian social order. Social justice can never be realized under any compromise with paganism.

Truth About Germany

SOMEWHERE BETWEEN the vehement anti-Hitler propaganda so widely disseminated by the leftists, and the "in-tourist" control over investigations attempting to be honest, lies the truth about Germany.

As previously announced by Father Coughlin in SOCIAL JUSTICE, this National Weekly sent its own reporter to Germany to get the facts, as well as it is possible for an impartial investigator from outside to obtain them through controlled sources.

These sources consisted of the men and women encountered everywhere upon the streets of German cities as well as responsible officers of the German government. Whether through fear of a "terrorist Gestapo," as alleged by the Germany-haters, or due to the simple coincidence of fact, the views of rank and file Germans and officials of the National Socialist regime are in surprising agreement.

Certainly in no so-called democracy are the people ever to be found as unanimously in agreement with "the Administration."

Nevertheless with that obligation for accuracy which we owe to our readers, SOCIAL JUSTICE and its investigator, Mr. Lowry, are checking his information against all available sources. Certainly nothing would be contributed to an honest telling of the "story behind the story," if SOCIAL JUSTICE were to permit itself to become, even unwittingly, the agent of one propaganda to combat another.

We promise our readers a thorough job of investigation and a fearless revelation of the findings when they have been compiled.

Jobs For Aliens

EVERY THINKING PERSON knows that the United States can have no recovery as long as 10½-million Americans remain unemployed and 20-millions rely upon Government doles to live.

Yet the Federal Government is promoting greater unemployment by permitting—even encouraging – immigration by foreign refugees who, too often, displace American workers.

The American Immigration Conference Board, Inc., reports that during 1938 more refugees settled in the United States than in all other countries of the world.

America has become a dumping ground for foreign malcontents, agitators, political exiles and war victims. In our present domestic circumstance each alien who enters this country jeopardizes the livelihood of an empolyed, or unemployed, American.

Approximately four million aliens who have entered the United States legally and illegally are employed in American industry at an estimated average annual income of $1,000.

More than one million aliens are on relief, direct or indirect, at a cost to American taxpayers of $1-billion annually.

Refugees from Germany and elsewhere—mostly Jews—are entering this country on visas issued for temporary visits. Friends and organizations find work for them as soon as possible. Their "temporary" visiting permits are extended. There appears to be no legal restriction on the number of visas that may be issued. Consequently, immigration has increased 300 per cent since 1933.

It is argued that America should be charitable to the unfortunate, harrassed peoples of other lands and should offer them haven. Certainly, if that were possible without injustice to our own citizens. But sentiment must give way to the cold, bare fact that there are not nearly enough jobs now for Americans alone.

Charity begins at home. It should be shown first to needy unemployed Americans, to indigent sharecroppers, impoverished mine and factory workers, dust-bowl refugees, discouraged and bedraggled relief clients.

If America is to become the refuge for the world's unwanted, overflow population, we Americans may as well surrender our right to work and turn the country over to aliens. It is estimated that there are eight million Europeans who must migrate because of political and racial difficulties. They include several million gentiles and most of the Jewish population of Central Europe.

Unfortunately, America has no place for them. Their lot may be tragic, but equally tragic is the lot of our own unemployed, poverty-stricken millions, described by President Roosevelt himself as the "ill fed, ill clothed third of our nation."

Let us care for our own first.

Charity must begin at home.

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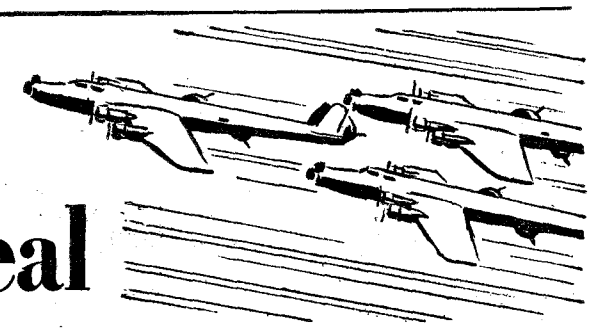
See U.S. Defenses Crippled in Roosevelt-French Airplane Deal



Testimony Shows President Ignored Advice of Army

WASHINGTON, D. C.—President Roosevelt, who overrode objections of trained army men in approving sales of American airplanes to France, may have crippled the United States military air strength by this act.

This situation was revealed here last week as members of the Senate Military Affairs Committee "talked," after having been sworn to secrecy on matters of foreign policy by the President himself, in an earlier session of the committee.

Although General Malin Craig, Army Chief of Staff, reportedly advised the President that it would be dangerous to sell wholesale lots of American-made airplanes to France, the President ignored this advice in approving the sale of 100 American bombers to the government of Premier Daladier.

WOULD CRIPPLE DEFENSE

This was revealed to members of the Military Affairs Committee by Treasury Secretary Henry Morgenthau, Jr., according to Senator Warren R. Austin of Vermont, a member of the committee.

Objections raised by General Craig, in his conversations with the President, reportedly were that the sale of American planes to France *would hamper this nation in filling the requirements for national defense,* and that the deal made between the French government and the American manufacturers, *might deprive the United States army entirely of Douglas light bombers.*

SOME "BOOB" SAID IT

The Senate Committee conducted an independent investigation into the French plane deal after public hostility was aroused by press reports that the President had said "America's frontier lies in France." The President later denied having made the statement as quoted; attributed it to some "boob" who sat in on the private conference.

Meanwhile Secretary Morgenthau's request that his earlier testimony to the committee be made public was rejected, supposedly on the ground that the entire affair was "secret," and no business of the public.

In his previous testimony Mr. Morgenthau reportedly was asked why the Treasury Department had become involved in a military purchase. His reply was that *"we did it at the request of the President."*

France Bleeds U.S. In Placing Her Largest Air Order

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The much-discussed "French plane deal," wherein President Roosevelt rejected recommendations by trained army men in approving a sale of American planes to France, is the largest airplane order ever placed by the French government, it was learned.

The French order included a contract for delivery of 115 Martin bombers within a year, and a reported option for the purchase of 450 more planes. The order of bombers more than doubled the output of the Martin plant, and the additional order would tie up entirely the production facilities of the company.

At the same time it was revealed that the French air authorities had placed the largest peace-time aircraft engine order on record with the Pratt & Whitney division of United Aircraft Corporation. This contract calls for delivery of nearly 800 airplane motors and other equipment, at a total cost of $11-million.

In Santa Monica, Calif., meanwhile, it was said the French government was ready to sign a contract for pursuit planes with the Douglas Aircraft Company. It was at the latter's Santa Monica plant that Paul Chemidlin, French Air Ministry attache, was involved in an air crash that precipitated an investigation into the plane purchase by France.

Members of Congress were pessimistic toward the outcome of the President's secret dealings on the plane purchase, and pointed out that a moral alliance with another nation at this time, will of necessity grow to a practical alliance later. The ultimate effect of such a condition, of course, would be to involve us in a war against dictatorship in Europe.

Browder Sees World War—Then Chaos

NEWTON, MASS.—Earl Browder, executive secretary of the Communist party of America, predicts another world war, and the destruction of capitalism.

Browder gives the tip-off on the Communist chagrin after the Czechoslovakian crisis of last September when the Comintern was denied its opportunity to ignite the fuse that would cause the world to topple.

Speaking before a public forum in this city, under guard of police, Browder said that another world war was "imminent," and that "we don't exactly see what else is ahead for capitalism, but we do see we are in the midst of world upheaval and chaos. Every old landmark is gone."

After his talk, another speaker commented that Browder had "made a good New Deal speech."

Rival Faction Clashes, Threat To Jobs of Auto Union Workers

DETROIT, MICH.—The future of the United Automobile Workers Union, third largest affiliate of the Committee for Industrial Organization, remained in doubt this week as:

1. Homer Martin, U.A.W. president, said the union would remain with the C.I.O. and asked a referendum of the rank-and-file to choose between himself and Acting President R. J. Thomas.

2. George Addes, secretary-treasurer of the deposed faction in the union, scoffed at Martin's referendum suggestion and statement that he favored the C.I.O.

3. The American Federation of Labor executive committee, meeting in Miami Beach, Fla., indicated it might invite Martin to lead his followers back into the A.F.L., from which the present U.A.W. sprang.

DEAL WITH BOTH SIDES

The badly-muddled situation was not improved with the first pronouncement on the matter by a spokesman for the manufacturers who must deal with both factions of the 300,000-member labor organization. Alfred Reeves, vice-president of the Automobile Manufacturers Association, said that the auto builders' policy has been to deal with the shop committees of the union in the respective plants, disregarding the factional difference.

Reeves, speaking as a "private citizen," and not for the manufacturers officially, predicted that the factional group represented by the 15 board members suspended by Martin would win out in the battle for control of the union's funds and policies. He pointed out that this group had the backing of the C.I.O., with its influence, power and money.

Meanwhile, Reeves said, the manufacturers were concerned over the union split, which threatens to disrupt auto production and throw out of work the very men the union elects to protect in their jobs. Reeves added that most auto makers thought well of Martin; felt he would be "easier to deal with" than the hierarchy of the C.I.O.

Highlights of the Broadcast . . .

"INTERNATIONALISM — OR NO FOREIGN ENTANGLEMENTS"
Sunday, February 19, 1939

IF Communism comes, the responsibility will rest with American Christians and patriots, for it is evident that if we do not rectify the economic ills which beset us and adopt the golden rule as interpreted by Jesus Christ, we need not blame the Jews whom we credit with an effort to reconstruct. We need only blame ourselves for our apathy and our rejection of the principles of the Second Person of the Blessed Trinity made flesh.

' ' '

Government and finance must be harnessed—not by the golden rule of internationalism, but by the Golden Rule as interpreted by Jesus Christ. He instructed us to do unto others as we would have them do unto us. He commanded us to love one another, not for what we are in ourselves, but for what He made us—namely—His brothers and co-heirs in the Kingdom of His Father. But He did not invent internationalism nor advocate the dissolution of nationalism.

The Christian Golden Rule of charity is neither acceptable nor possible unless Christ is accepted and His principles practiced.

' ' '

While we Americans, readily recognize that the system of international banking which the Jews claim to have been evolved by them in self-defense and in retaliation against the baron gentiles — while we readily recognize that this Frankenstein must be abolished for the safety of our nation and the preservation of civilization, we will not admit nor accept the sanity of the proposition that what Jewish idealism and Jewish discontent originated in Russia in 1917 should be foisted upon us in America.

' ' '

We democratic Americans and Christians have a mission to perform particularly in our own nation which permitted the economic system of capitalism to become enslaved by the instrumentality of Jewish banking which is nothing more than usury erected in self-defense and in retaliation against both the real and imagined persecutions levied upon the Jews.

Two wrongs never generated a right. Nor can a democratic government continue to exist if it allies itself with any banking system which dominates both nations and individuals.

' ' '

America has no room for anti-Semitism. America has reason today, more than at any other time, to differentiate between the innocent and the guilty, between unsound systems and a democratic Christian system. Our problem is not one of anti-Semitism. It is one of Semitism and and is concerned as much with saving the masses of innocent Jews as it is concerned with saving Christianity and Americanism.

' ' '

The majority of us are more concerned with preserving American democracy than with jeopardizing it by entering into a conflict on the side either of Naziism or of Communism.

Let us become more interested, I repeat, in establishing the balance of justice than we are in preserving the balance of power; for power without justice always has proven a menace to civilization.

' ' '

If Christians are determined to establish a Christian front, let not their motives be misinterpreted. Certainly it is not an anti-Semitic front. It is a front for Christ and for His principles. It is a militant front which is not content to let the enemies of Christ, be they gentile or Jew, disestablish Christ in our government, our commerce, our industry, our factories, our fields or our institutions of education.

' ' '

The complete text of Father Coughlin's address is available in pamphlet form to all who write for it to Father Coughlin, Royal Oak, Michigan.

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Mr. Morgenthau and Father Coughlin

A Reply to the Secretary of the Treasury

MR. MORGENTHAU is deeply agitated—perhaps unnecessarily so. Every person of intelligence recognizes that the Secretary of the Treasury is just Secretary of the Treasury and nothing more. As Secretary he does what he is told to do. He pursues the policies mapped out for him by his superior.

Consequently, the glaring failure which has characterized the Treasury Department for the past seven years will never rebound to the discredit of Mr. Morgenthau.

I am not interested in discussing or analyzing this failure at the moment. 130-million Americans are aware of this as well as am I. They see it reflected in closed factories, in restricted agricultural areas, in dole funds, in want amidst plenty. Moreover, they feel it as they sit down to their dinner tables long since denied the frugal comfort which decency demands. They experience it when they are forced to pay hundreds of hidden taxes on the necessities of life. They suffer from it when, to support the abnormality of prices for foodstuffs, they read of millions of bushels of oranges, millions of pounds of butter, millions of tons of meat, millions of bushels of wheat and millions of bales of cotton destroyed in order to keep up a false front of prosperity.

I am well aware that Mr. Morgenthau was not in Paris of September of last year—that is, I am aware he was not there physically. But I am also aware that he was there spiritually. Every day he is there. Every month he is there planning and devising ways and means to hold aloft the left hand of a radical system of finance. When has it become a crime to dramatize this notorious fact? Openly, explicitly, I dramatized this worse-than-physical presence under the name of act and scene—a fact that the world has long suspected.

Leaving the dramatization of this constant meeting of minds on the part of Mr. Morgenthau and the French government, and adopting the presentation of fact, is it not absolutely true that Mr. Morgenthau used the Stabilization Fund to sustain the French franc?

He will not deny that.

Did not the French officials praise him for having come to the rescue of a socialist government in matters monetary?

He will not deny that.

When Mr. Morgenthau went to the aid of the French franc in 1935 *The New York Times* said: "The (British) sterling area seemed either to miss the political signficance of the American action or to think it best not to stress it." (June 18, 1935, page 13, column 3.)

When Mr. Morgenthau was entertained by the French Ministers on the occasion of his last physical visit to France, from which he returned on the 30th day of August, 1938, the *Times* said: "From unofficial sources usually reliable, it is learned that Mr. Morgenthau, in his talks with French officials, showed more interest in world politics than in purely monetary and financial matters." (July 30, 1936, page 4, column 3.)

Ever since the Stabilization Fund was erected it offered ways and means to counteract the Johnson act which practically forbids the United States lending money to foreign defaulters.

France has been a notorious defaulter.

The Stabilization Fund, hardly in keeping with the Johnson Act, actually assisted France, not by lending money directly but by sustaining the French franc.

The spirit of Henry Morgenthau was present at every meeting of every group of international bankers who knew *a priori* how to plan their activities on the basis of the existence of the Stabilization Fund.

* * *

Certainly I said in my address of February 5th that the Stabilization Fund was not used for the benefit of the American people. There are at least 1000 American men with business ability who, with $2-billion at their disposal, would have been able to accomplish a thousand times more than Mr. Morgenthau has accomplished in alleviating the poverty in this nation. Mr. Morgenthau clings steadfastly to the theory of the private issue and control of money if not by word, at least by action. He will go down in history as the greatest benefactor of the French franc and international banking system in our times.

But what has he accomplished for the purchasing power of the American dollar—a dollar which is like a barricade between production and consumption, preventing our own people from enjoying the fruits of the fields and the wealth manufactured in our factories?

Since Mr. Morgenthau addressed his letter to me, one of his able assistants has resigned. And in resigning he expressed the thought that he could not stomach the financial policies in vogue in the Treasury Department of the United States. He is not the first one to resign. One after another men have left the Treasury Department because they knew too much and because they recognized the unsoundness not only of the Stabilization Fund but of the plan to borrow us into destruction with bonds and coupons and buried gold.

The New York Times of Saturday, February 18, on page 4, column 2, says:

"The specific reasons for Mr. Taylor's resignation were understood to be his inability to agree with President Roosevelt and Secretary Morgenthau on such developments as the $25-million loan to China, the purchase by the Treasury of silver from Loyalist Spain and policies which seem to him to mix international politics with economic considerations in commercial dealings with Latin America."

It is unfortunate that Mr. Morgenthau was party to helping Loyalist Spain through the purchase of silver and also Communist Mexico. Do you think that we Christians applaud Mr. Morgenthau, his Stabilization Fund and silver purchases which aided the activities of Communistic-minded governments?

Let us have the whole truth while we are at it and begin calling a spade a spade.

* * *

Mr. Morgenthau speaks of the inaccuracies of which I am allegedly guilty. There is not a man or woman in America who does not know of the basic and constant inaccuracy and unsoundness of the financial policy with which he is charged to execute.

While the Secretary of the Treasury is in the mood for writing letters pointing out so-called inaccuracies in either act one, two, three or four of the latest tragedy entitled *"Foreign Relations,"* let him also pen a line to George Cohan for the so-called inaccuracies in the popular play *"I'd Rather Be Right."* Perhaps it is inaccurate for Mr. Cohan to represent Madame Perkins as advocating that the United States Government begin to tax the property owned by the United States; perhaps he is inaccurate in his description of the game "put-and-take" wherein gold is fetched from one hole and hidden in another.

In the letter which Mr. Morgenthau addressed to me he says: "You stated and implied that I am operating the Stabilization Fund, not in the interest of the people of the United States . . . but for the benefit of the British and French international bankers who reap the rewards of imperialism."

On February 13, 1939 according to *The Herald Tribune* of New York City we read a commentary on Mr. Morgenthau's own statement. *The Herald Tribune* prints the following:

"The $1,300,000,000 defaulted Latin-American bonds held by investors in the United States are not his 'responsibility' Secretary of the Treasury Henry Morgenthau, Jr. said today as he began conversations with Brazilian Foreign Minister Oswaldo Aranha which are expected to lead to some kind of financial help for Brazil.

"The Secretary conferred for more than an hour with Dr. Aranha and members of his entourage. Archie Locchead, technical director of the $2-billion Stabilization Fund, and other Treasury experts attended the meeting.

"The negotiations may result in easing Brazil's foreign exchange control which has hampered American export trade with that country. Conversations with other Latin-American governments may also take place in the future as part of the Administration's broad program to encourage trade relations with the Latin-America and offset German and Italian trade and political propaganda.

"The secretary was asked whether he thought he might meet with public disfavor from holders of defaulted Latin-American bonds when the Treasury is carrying on negotiations with a country which has defaulted on its obligations.

" 'Well, as you know,' he replied, 'as Secretary of the Treasury I have never taken any part in the collection of private or public debts for that matter, so my debt work is 100 per cent nil.'

"His questioner pressed him by reminding Mr. Morgenthau that the Latin-American defaults are a serious complaint of American investors.

" 'Well, I am not defending it or supporting it,' he said. 'I am just not taking any part in it.' Repeating his earlier assertion that he had not participated in negotiations concerning private or public debts, he added that he did not 'expect' to do so now.

"The questioning then reverted to the Johnson act, under which governments in default to the United States are barred from floating securities in this country.

" 'You don't feel, Mr. Secretary, that you are giving them money they could not get from private sources because they have defaulted,' he was asked.

" 'No, I just say the Brazilian government is not in default to the United States Government and that's my only interest,' he replied. 'And as long as the Brazilian government is not in default to the United States Government, why?' "

Thus, these words of yours, Mr. Morgenthau, namely, "No, I just say the Brazilian government is not in default to the United States Government and that's my only interest"—these words will live for many days to come.

Morgenthau Says Silver Buying Aids Others

Lists Countries Benefited Before Senate Group—Unable to Tell of Purchases From Mexico

WASHINGTON—Silver purchase program of the United States has benefited many countries, Secretary of Treasury Morgenthau testified yesterday before the special Senate silver committee headed by Senator Pittman. The committee is holding public hearings on operations of the purchase program and the general silver policy of the Administration.

Among countries said by the Secretary to have benefited by sales of the metal to the United States are China, Mexico, Canada, Peru, Chile, the Philippines and Japan. Mr. Morgenthau testified that during 1938 the Treasury bought about 355,000,000 ounces of foreign silver, although direct buying from Mexico was suspended in March of that year, when an agreement for monthly purchases from that country was suspended.

In answer to one of several questions put by Senator Pittman on behalf of Senator Townsend (Rep., Del.) who was absent, the Secretary explained that the agreement with Mexico called for the buying of 5,000,000 ounces monthly at prices fixed daily. The Secretary said however, that the Treasury buys the metal from all sources and that it has no way of knowing the origin of the silver. He said he could not say whether some of the purchases made since March, 1938, came from Mexico.

Gets List of Questions

Senator Townsend had asked whether the Treasury had stopped buying Mexican silver after Mexican tariffs were raised and American properties expropriated last year.

The Secretary was excused by Chairman Pittman of the committee after a long list of questions on silver had been submitted to the Treasury head for answer at the next meeting to be called within a few days.

No direct questions were put to the official regarding his economic views on the wisdom of continuing the silver policy, but it is expected that in future meetings opponents of silver subsidies and purchases will endeavor to draw from the Secretary his views on the subject.

—From the Wall Street Journal

50 Billion Debt Held No Danger By Morgenthau

Total Would Exceed by $5,000,000,000 the Present Limitation

By the Associated Press.

Secretary Morgenthau told a Congressional committee, it was learned yesterday, that the national debt would reach $50,000,000,000 and could do so without danger to the country's financial structure.

Such a total would be $5,000,000,000 in excess of the current limitation on the public debt and informed House members said that would necessitate raising the limit.

Morgenthau's statement, made to a House Appropriations subcommittee consi[illegible]ing the Treasury-Post-office [illegible] bill. [illegible] siderab[illegible]

—By the Associated Press

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Hainan Island Taken Over by Japan as Key To French-Indo China

TOKIO, JAPAN—In a determined effort to stop the smuggling of arms and supplies to China, the Japanese military forces have taken over Hainan Island, one of the few remaining open ports on the South China coast.

Hainan Island is some 160 miles long and about 90 wide with a population of about 3-million of whom 2-million are Chinese. It lies 150 miles east of the northern part of French Indo-China and it virtually controls the trade route to the French possession. Moreover, Hainan lies close to the sea route between Hongkong and Singapore, Great Britain's naval bases in the Far East.

The Japanese spokesmen at the foreign office state, with their customary suavity, that the occupation is only "temporary" and that the aim is to strengthen the Japanese blockade of the Chinese coasts and smoke out smugglers responsible for running arms to Chinese Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek.

Almost on the heels of this occupation comes word from Paris that French Indo-China is threatened by seizure from the Japanese. The French Parliament "rang with pleas" for immediate strengthening of fortifications and fulfillment of the Colonial Governor's recommendations. Upon analyzing the press reports, we find the noise is all based on a speech by one Deputy, Edouard Bousquet.

What is not told is that France has recently completed a railway linking Lunchchow, Kwangsi province, in China, near the border of French Indo-China, with Nanking. This vital railway line has been completed since August, 1938, and military supplies have poured over it from the munitions makers of the world, especially those dominated by the Rothschilds.

For this military aid, Chiang Kai-Shek has granted valuable concessions to the Rothschild interests. Most of the concessions are in the nature of mining rights. A survey by the National Resources Commission, foreign controlled and operated, has revealed the presence of gold, silver, antimony, tungsten, asbestos, lead, tin, and rich copper ore in the little known province of Yunnan.

While the puppet envoys and ambassadors state there is no secret agreement between the French and Chinese for military aid, it is an open secret to the better informed that the contract ceding the mining and railway rights to the French financiers in exchange for military aid was signed by T. L. Soong, younger brother of T. V. Soong, Chinese finance minister, whose father controls the Bank of China and whose sister is Madame Chiang Kai-shek, wife of the Chinese generalissimo.

The same financiers who have engineered the annihilation of Russia, and the destruction of Spain by Communism, are the very ones who are backing China today. And that goes for certain interests in America who are financing China.

Please bear in mind, we do not refer to the good, solid French people. Most of them do not even know what is going on in their name in the Far East.

French Radicals Turning Against Communist Party

PARIS, FRANCE—Not only are the French people turning from Communism, but even Deputies who were members of the French Radical bloc who made up the "Revolutionary Popular Front," are disillusioned and seeking to turn from Moscow's stifling embrace.

The latest is M. de Montigny who recently sent the following letter to the Communists of his department:

"1—That the Communist Party did its utmost to draw France into a Spanish policy and then force it in a European war.

"2—That your Party did its utmost to exasperate the German-Czech crisis and thus provoke a war which France would have been forced to join.

"3—That it did, and is still doing, its utmost to hinder Daladier and Bonnett in endeavors for European peace.

"4—That at the same time, notwithstanding the solemn adjuration of the Minister of National Defense, it refused and still refuses the endeavors to accomplish indispensable work in our war factories in order to improve our armaments.

"5—That it provokes political strikes in the national defense factories and tries to sabotage the works of public welfare so courageously undertaken by the government, while at the same time it opposes all peace negotiations between France and Germany.

"It is thus evident that genial Stalin desired and still desires a war in Western Europe in order to free himself from the German danger . . . it is clear that he desires France's defeat in order to begin the German expansion in our colonies and a Communist revolution which would enslave our country to Moscow.

"We have only one answer to this criminal plan: the dissolution of your Party and the concentration camps and instructions judges for your leaders."

PREMIER IMREDI

Refute Alarmists on German-Danish Frontier Question

COPENHAGEN, DENMARK — Recently, press reports have stated that Germany is about "to take over Denmark" because of the strained relations existing between the two countries.

The scholarly and energetic Prime Minister Stauning resented these reports. In a recent speech he said:

"At the present time, some insidious rumors are being circulated that trouble exists on our frontier (the German-Danish frontier); and that other nations are exercising political pressure on us, and even that there exist certain agreements and claims. These rumors are very dangerous, and it would be to the interest of the Danish people if they refrained from being in any way connected with false reports of this nature.

"Up to the present there has been no basis for these rumors and we all have reason to wish that there will be no such basis.

"There exists no frontier question and no controversies. No political claims were imposed upon us when formulating the existing commercial treaties—*as the press in some countries wrongly states."*

Who delights in making out Hitler as the world's worst ogre?

Who is trying to create another Czecho-Slovak crisis out of the Denmark frontier, when the Prime Minister publicly states "no frontier question exists?"

The answer is: that the same forces that were so disappointed when peace prevailed in Europe are again fomenting wars and rumors of war!

Hungary Sees Jew Myth in Imredi Case

BUDAPEST, HUNGARY—Many stories have been sent from Europe with one object—namely, to misinform and thus influence public opinion so it will be conditioned for the world-wide plans of certain internationalists. Some stand out more baldly and naked when placed against a background of historic fact. It is a service to humanity to expose them. The story announced from this capital of the resignation of Premier Bela Imredi, "because his grandmother was a Jew" is just such a plant. It is the last word in trying to insult the intelligence of American readers.

Some very keen individuals knew that the natural reaction in America, for example, would be to the effect that—"They must be crazy over there in Hungary—causing a public official to resign simply because his grandmother was Jewish!" The result, of course, would be unconscious sympathy for Jews as a whole.

What was not told is why the Jews are being restricted in Hungary, as well as other European countries. The real facts are that ever since the bloody reign of terror under the notorious Jewish Communist Bela Kun (Cohen) and his all-Jewish Commissar cabinet, the Jews have been an unwelcome minority among the persecuted Magyars.

The Hungarians have not forgotten how 100,000 of their fellow countrymen were butchered because they dared to oppose a Red Hungary.

For the last several years, successive legislative measures have restricted Jewish activity in business, and especially the professions, in proportion to their numbers.

It is a journalistic lie to state that Bela Imredi was the "author" of this legislation. As a matter of fact, as president of the National Bank of Hungary, a privately-owned concern, he was put in as Premier as the last hope of the Jews!

Imredi's days were numbered ever since Hungary, through Regent Nicholas Horthy, announced the country's alignment with Germany, Italy and Japan in an Anti-Communist Pact.

The new Premier probably will be Count Paul Teleki, the scholarly 60 year old internationally famous geographer, who was Premier for five months in 1920. He is regarded as an expert on minority problems and a man well qualified to negotiate Hungary's differences with Roumania and Jugo-Slavia.

Soviet Russia Abolishes Register of Unemployment

Moscow, U.S.S.R.—Leftist publications in America and Europe continue to boast that Russia "has solved its unemployment problem."

But the only reason there is no "unemployment" is that the government has officially "abolished" it and conceals the fact of its existence.

"At a time when there were nearly *two million* people on the unemployment register, the Soviet government, without the slightest notice, abolished unemployment relief and labor exchanges," says the *London Patriot.*

"Now even the most ardent admirer of the Bolsheviks can claim for them the power to make two million unemployed disappear in the twinkling of an eye! What actually happened was that these poor wretches were either thrown out penniless into the street or sent to forced-labor camps (in which, according to Dr. Solonievitch, a specialist on the question, there already are five million people).

As the death-rate in these places is 50 per cent, there is always plenty of room for new contingents. An effective method, indeed, of abolishing the unemployed themselves, but not of abolishing unemployment.

"These two million unemployed, suddenly 'abolished,' are not all. There is also, in the U.S.S.R. a class known as 'illegal workers.' And what are these? Read the issue of the Soviet review *'Za Industrialisatziu'* for September 17, 1935, which contains an article protesting against the non-observance of the law against 'illegal workers.' Under that enactment, it is categorically forbidden to employ any worker who:—

"(1) Has no passport; or

"(2) Has not obtained permission to live in the place where the factory is; or

"(3) Has been dismissed for progul (absence without leave, shirking, or the like).

"The fact is that any worker who wishes to leave the works to which he is bound as a serf must attend at the local commissariat, with his passport, to obtain a written permit to go elsewhere: if he leaves the factory without a permit, he becomes an 'illegal worker,' and hence—according to our understanding of the term—unemployed."

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A.F.L. Attacks New Deal Business Policies

MIAMI, FLA.—With a blistering attack on New Deal business-throttling policies, the American Federation of Labor Executive Council last fortnight concluded its annual winter meeting. The conference was marked also by President William Green's determination to "break" the C.I.O. and his threat to oust the Communist-infested American Federation of Teachers, an A.F.L. affiliate.

Green released a statement which urged that business be allowed to work out its salvation in its own way, inasmuch as years of Administration meddling had failed to reduce the "appalling" unemployment problem.

"Fear, lack of confidence and distrust in governmental, social and economic procedure should be removed," the statement said. "Whatever barriers may have been created either as a result of fear or as a result of affirmative action on the part of those who administer the affairs of government ought to be broken down."

C.I.O. PEACE REMOTE

Peace with the C.I.O. appeared more remote than ever after the Council's discussion of the subject. A.F.L. strategy henceforth will be to weaken the C.I.O. by organizing in direct competition with it. First move in this direction was re-chartering the United Textile Workers Union, which quit the A.F.L. more than a year ago to join the C.I.O. A vigorous organization campaign will be started immediately among textile workers, Green announced. He also said the Federation's Progressive Miners of America will demand collective bargaining recognition from 250 coal operators March 31 when the operators' contracts with C.I.O.'s United Mine Workers expires.

Green exuded confidence that Lewis and the C.I.O. are not as powerful as is popularly believed. "C.I.O. membership is largely fictitious," he said. "In steel they have practically a paper organization. There are few dues-paying members."

The breach between Green and John L. Lewis meanwhile has been widened by the latter's opposition to Senator David I. Walsh's bill to amend the Wagner Act and curtail power of the National Labor Relations Board. This was not unexpected, however, for Green has branded the Board a "C.I.O. agency," while Lewis has defended it and denied nation-wide charges that the Board is prejudiced in his favor.

"RED" TEACHERS

Aroused by the growing power of Communists in the American Federation of Teachers, the Executive Council threatened the union with expulsion unless they "cleaned house."

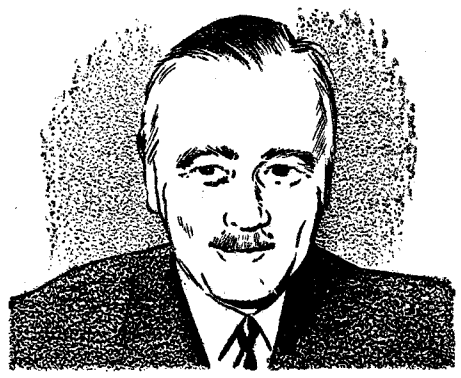
Matthew Woll, chairman of the Council committee on education, said "thousands of fine teachers" had appealed to the A.F.L. to purge the Teachers' Union of Communists who constantly are boring from within and seeking to dictate policies. Despite repeated warnings from Green, the Teachers have permitted "Reds" in many instances to gain control of locals.

The Communists were especially successful in New York City where two locals were suspended by the New York Central Trades and Labor Council.

Harrington Studies Relief "Chiselers"

WASHINGTON, D. C. — Works Progress Administrator F. C. Harrington may receive extremely disheartening news when his investigation of the nation's 3-million relief clients is completed.

His office has begun a study of the "dolers" in an effort to slash relief costs by eliminating from the rolls



COL. HARRINGTON

those who have become so accustomed to the government's generosity that they refuse to work when given the opportunity.

Granted that thousands of families do need whatever assistance they get, it is common knowledge that many chiselers in various communities have taken relief checks while receiving income from other sources. Others, their morale and initiative broken after years of unemployment, have lost their desire to work for a living.

Regardless of the economy that Col. Harrington may effect as a result of his investigation, the relief problem will remain a serious problem until private industry is able to re-hire the 10½-million unemployed.

Expect Farm Program To Be Retained

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Notwithstanding increased sentiment against the fallacious theory of crop control, it is unlikely the 76th Congress will make any fundamental changes in the present farm program.

One of the chief obstacles to revision is the lack of unanimity among those who would alter the existing set-up. The Cost-of-Production Bill, foremost among proposals submitted which discard crop limitation as a cure-all, has considerable support by Congressmen from the wheat belt, but a variety of conflicting proposals tends to minimize chances for concerted action.

Then also to be considered is the political angle. Republicans believe it would be poor strategy for them to fall in line with any farm remedies at this time. The 1940 election is too near. With a sound agricultural program in their plank they could make a strong bid for farm votes in the presidential campaign. On the other hand if they should support a workable farm plan during the New Deal administration, the result would be a feather in Mr. Roosevelt's hat.

Neither does the Department of Agriculture nor the Agricultural Adjustment Administration favor tampering drastically with the present law at least until 1940; and Marvin Jones of Texas, chairman of the House Agriculture Committee, said recently, "If there are going to be any major changes in the crop control act, I think they won't be effective this year."

Agriculture Secretary Henry Wallace would welcome a return of the processing tax, but in view of opposition from Mr. Roosevelt, to say nothing of business, Congress and many farmers, he stands little chance of getting it. The President has at long last declared there should be no further taxes on the consumer and has admitted that processing taxes do hit the consumer. Perhaps he remembers the Supreme Court invalidated the tax in 1936 when it killed the original A.A.A. of 1933.

Greatly responsible for the trend away from crop control are the inconsistencies that arise under such a system. A classic example is seen in the cotton industry this year. Although the season's crop was 25,500,000 bales — largest on record — there was not enough for exports or for manufacturers. This paradox presented itself when farmers pledged 11-million bales to the government in return for $500-million in loans. Now the Administration has asked Congress for permission to release approximately 4-million bales from government warehouses to producers so they can meet market demands. As a condition of the deal the Administration recommended that growers restrict their 1939 crop to 8-million bales instead of 12-million as previously planned.

Statistics show that cotton exports are 43 per cent lower than last year because of "scarcity of supplies." It is remarkable observation to find a "scarcity" when government warehouses are bulging with 11-million bales of cotton.

Roosevelt Spars With Rebel Congress in Conciliation Move

WASHINGTON, D. C. — Like a dazed prize fighter President Roosevelt spars for time while he and his seconds try to conciliate an antagonistic Congress that has him reeling.

The House led with a jab at his relief appropriation recommendation, hooked with a hard right to his Dies Committee opposition and the Senate jumped in with a terrific blow to his nomination of Floyd H. Roberts for a Virginia federal judgeship.

To stave off the enemy temporarily in the Senate, Majority Leader Alben W. Barkley has called lengthy recesses every time it appeared there might be discussion on foreign policy, the Wagner Act, Social Security and W.P.A.—all targets of anti-New Deal legislators. But this can not continue much longer. Sooner or later his adversaries will get those issues in the ring for the "kill" which most observers predict.

In the House, Speaker Bankhead and Majority Leader Rayburn called a Democratic "harmony" meeting which, according to authoritative reports, produced as much discord as harmony. Purpose of the session was to marshal Democrats against Republicans in pending legislation.

Bankhead hailed the meeting a success after admitting some mistakes had been made which disrupted party unity. He reportedly asked Congressmen to forget past differences and co-operate with the Administration.

Several members expressed reasons for their impatience with the President, it was reported. Rep. E. E. Cox, Georgia, was said to have asserted that if Mr. Roosevelt would consult the House members more often, "things would be better all around."

Representative Jennings Randolph, West Virginia, was reported to have said that the President affronted the House by requesting another $150-million relief appropriation immediately after Congress had lopped that amount off his original demand for $875-million.

Dies Critic Named Committee Member

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The appointment of Representative H. Jerry Voorhis of California to membership on the Dies Committee on un-American activities spurs speculation as to effect he will exert on the committee's investigation.

Former Socialist and currently an ardent foe of Representative Martin Dies, chairman of the committee, Voorhis appeared before the House Rules committee prior to his appointment and urged that the Dies investigation be discontinued. When the House voted otherwise Speaker Bankhead appointed him to act on the committee.

Doubtless Voorhis, who now parades as a Democrat, will attempt to discourage as much as possible any revealing investigation. But his presence, contrarily, may also aid the committee in that critics can no longer charge it is prejudiced and unfair.

He succeeds Representative Harold G. Mosier, Ohio Democrat, who was defeated for re-nomination last August after having fought the New Deal on the Wages and Hours and the Reorganization Bills.

Report Shows Labor Is Short-Changed

NEW YORK, N. Y.—Substantiating the theory of Father Coughlin that labor receives too small a share of the wealth it helps create, the Twentieth Century Fund, after a four-year study, has reported to Senate Monopoly Committee that executives take the greatest portion of business profits.

Even investors who risk their money in business ventures get less in return than the few top-rung executives of industry, according to the report.

"With salaries as much as $1,000 a day," the chosen few "in good times and bad . . . fare better than wage earners or investors," the report said.

The Fund's data was taken from records of the United States Treasury Department and from business itself. Although a thorough canvas of the entire nation was not made, the statistics were based upon books of hundreds of representative corporations of all sizes and kinds.

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OF MUSE & MEN

Wrathful Roosevelt

MR. ROOSEVELT, they say, was decidedly angry that "some boob" gave away the stuff that went on in his secret diplomacy session with members of the Senate Foreign Affairs Committee.

It must have been decidedly disconcerting to swear all the boys to secrecy, tell them we were going to war, or something, and then have one of them spill the bag of tricks all over the floor.

Few days after the press printed what they could glean from Senators on this business of America's "frontier being on the Rhine," or being "in France," the President called in the Capitol press crew and gave them a verbal threshing.

As the reporters trooped in, they found the President in a mood of fury. He promptly condemned as "a deliberate lie" the reports that leaked out about the conference and said "some boob" made the remark about America's frontier being in France. He then used a bit of "Ickes" on the press, charging it with distortion and deceit.

It would seem that if a "boob" stunt *was* committed, it was committed when the visiting Senators were sworn to secrecy on a matter as important as a conversation with the President on our possible involvement in a foreign war.

'Peeping Tom' Reds Swarm Into Business

NEW YORK, N. Y.—Scratch a newspaper editorial staff, a hospital staff, a club, a political organization of almost any kind in this city, and you'll probably find a wriggling nest of Communists.

This situation, however difficult to realize, is nonetheless true. And it was the Communists themselves who gave the tip.

For years after the war Communists were "Bolsheviks"—hairy, dirty, sweating and frothing. Now they are divided. Some are hairy, dirty, sweating and frothing, some are not sweating and frothing, and some are just dirty.

But, whereas in the post-war period of social shell-shock, Communists were to be found principally on street corners, or meeting in dark rooms over pool halls, Communists today are to be found behind almost every conceivable enterprise.

The *New York Times* has its nest. While they have a "passion for anonymity," they may be found by a diligent search. They boast of their existence in a small newspaper which they issue, the *"New York Times Comment."* Similarly, *Time* magazine, published by Time, Inc., which also publishes *Life* and *Fortune,* has a most able and active Communist unit. Members of this cell issue their own peephole publication, *"High Time."*

Similar units are organized, or being organized, on nearly every paper in the city. Soon all will have their Communist tattle-tale sheets.

The physicians are not exempt from the Communist menace. Disgruntled young interns, griping at the monastic year of practice required before beginning a lucrative medical career, have in some instances turned to Communism to find an outlet for their grievances. In Bellevue Hospital the cause-fighters have mixed Marxism with medicine in a publication called *"The X-Ray."*

These future doctors will be the ones to lead the fight for socialized medicine; for the divorcing of Christian ethics and the practice of the healing arts. And neither are the nurses exempt. Communists wearing the starched white garb of the nursing profession issue a publication known as the *"Red Nurse."*

'America Squeaks' in Gallup Poll; Voters Are 'Vanishing Americans'

NEW YORK, N. Y.—People who vote in a Gallup poll have more fun than anybody, but the voting must be fatal for they disappear like mercury in a drainpipe.

In the days when the chain letter craze cleaned the country of all its loose dollar bills, quarters and dimes, it was always "the fellow down the street" who won out in the send-this-to-six-of-your-friends-and-put-your-name-at-the-bottom business. It was never you, or me.

Similarly, the astute citizen who votes in a Gallup poll is as scarce as a Bolshevik in a bathtub. He's never seen nor heard from again.

The Gallup system parades under the majestic title: "America Speaks," but the Americans must be the vanishing Americans. While the poll has enjoyed great success, it also has picked some sour ones. In 1936 it picked Roosevelt and left the sunflower patch alone. But a few months ago it picked the Lovalists in the Spanish scrap, but found that this nation as a whole held them in contempt.

Of course, questions may be asked in such a manner as to produce the answer desired. For instance, Dr. Gallup could take his notebook in hand, trot over to a nearby W.P.A. project, snap the suspenders on a sleeping superintendent, and say:

"You *don't* like Mr. Roosevelt, *do* you?"

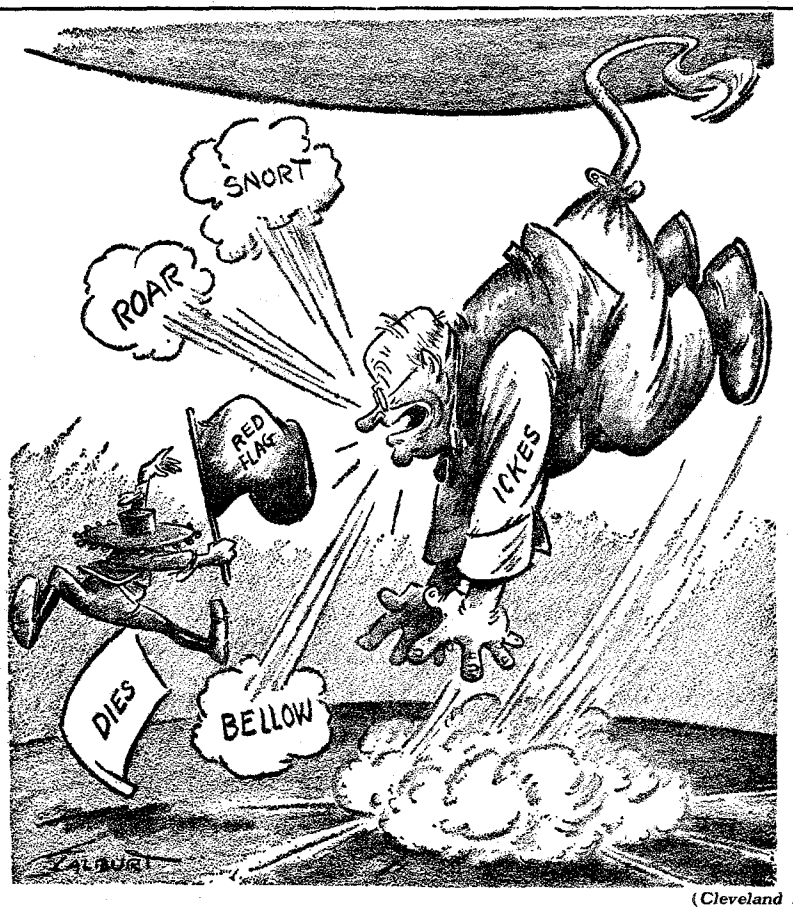
And the foreman might reply, "Yes," meaning, "Yes, I don't like Mr. Roosevelt"; or "Yes," meaning, "Yes I do like Mr. Roosevelt."

Or perhaps the superintendent might answer, "No, I don't like Mr. Roosevelt."

And the good Dr. Gallup could enter a yes, or a no, whichever he chose, into his little note book, and be entirely correct. The W.P.A. superintendent wouldn't care much providing someone else didn't climb onto his favorite pile of burlap bags, while he was settling the troubled political situation.

That's all neither here nor there, of course. The question is who is a Gallup poll-ite? Not you, not Claude over there, nor Fred nor Tom. It must be that fellow "down the street."

'Ferdinand the Bully'



(Cleveland Press)

'Seven Year Itchies,' Plague of American Political Life

WASHINGTON, D. C. — Up in Alaska the Matanuskans have a name for him. They call him "Seven Year Itchies." Down around here he's known as Harold L. Ickes, Secretary of the Interior, but the plague is the same in both places.

This dour-faced Cabinet official, who holds no elective position, has appointed himself whipscourge of all who oppose the New Deal for any reason whatsoever.

Like the flea on the back of the dog, Mr. Ickes courses up and down America, biting, stinging, goading, prodding, making life miserable for those who would like to find an answer to the nation's needs. He borrows the underslung vocabulary of General Hugh Johnson, dons the spectacles of gloom, and then describes the scene as he sees it.

All who fail to agree with him, and Mr. Roosevelt, are "zanies," "demagogues," "crackpots," liars and thieves. He rips the very vitals out of the nation's press, out of its scholars, statesmen, authors. He curses those who substitute fiction for facts, and commits this same literary sin in the thick of his own attack.

Comrade Ickes is the man who fronted for the Communist Peace and Democracy League when it needed a sponsor to get its lift-the-Spanish-embargo convention into Washington's hotels. He conducted a one-man sit-down strike against helium for Germany, and who scoffs at those who suggest that constitutional processes in this country have been endangered.

Comrade Ickes has insulted more men of prominence in this country than any contemporary of this decade. When Martin Dies was conducting his investigation into un-American activities, Ickes sought to smear him hopelessly. He has attacked members of both houses of Congress, men in business, men of importance in professional life.

In a recent issue of *Collier's* magazine, Ickes takes several pages to slop over in his condemnation of those who assisted at the slaying of the iniquitous reorganization bill last April. This piece he titles "Mail-Order Government." In it he chips away at the right of petition enjoyed by Americans, and abuses those who have utilized it, enumerating among others Boake Carter, Father Coughlin, Frank Gannett, Mark Sullivan.

Resorting to personal abuse, he insists that these "devils" were guided by prejudice in attacking the "harmless" reorganization bill, which did nothing more than to give to the President the right to scrap any or all of the executive agencies of government and establish himself as virtually a supreme ruler.

Boake Carter, Ickes refers to as "Croak" Carter, Father Coughlin is the leader of "a Ku Klux Klan of the air," and publisher Frank Gannett is a co-stirrer of a "witch's mess of Ku Kluxism." All are vilified, belabored, whacked with whatever the Ickes' logic amounts to.

"Seven Years' Itchies" Ickes is symbolic of something or other in American life. In a sense he is a political upstart of the proportions of Tom Corcoran or Rex Tugwell. But he is eminently more distasteful, because he forces himself on the public openly and not covertly.

The unchosen "Itches" of the New Deal are its major curses. Holding no elective office, they attempt to usurp the functions of the legislators, who were elected. Hot-tempered, dour-faced Comrade Ickes will be satisfied only when both Houses of Congress represent, not the people who elected them, but the will of Mr. Ickes. So, it looks as if that frown on Mr. Ickes' face would stay there.

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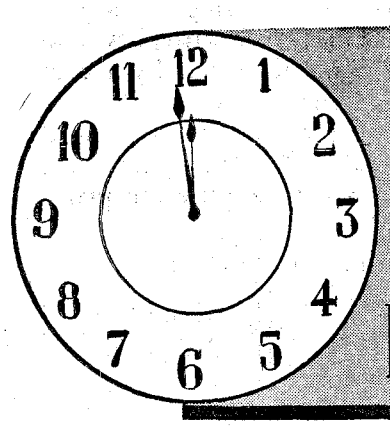
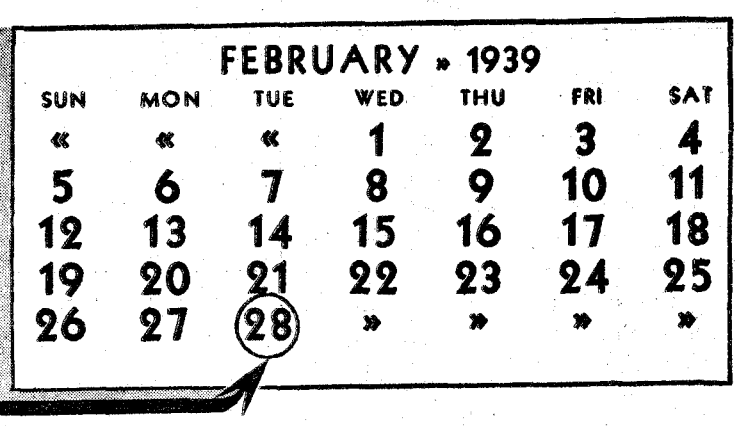


Midnight
FEBRUARY 28, 1939



End of OPENING PERIOD of HIGHEST Votes in Social Justice $20,000 "FREE AMERICA" Prize Contest

$175 Extra Cash and 40,000 Extra Vote Offers Will Officially Close

Now You Can Win Two Prizes With One Effort In Social Justice Contest

$100, $75 and $25 go to the entrants with most new business up to Tuesday night, February 28th. New candidates can win, as reports prior to this offer don't count on extra cash.

WIN $100 NOW AND AN AUTO AT END.

Live candidates will try to obtain every subscription possible THIS PERIOD, while the biggest vote offer of the entire campaign is on.—You may enter contest later and still win, but you can start now on the double-quick.—Contest ends April 3.

Candidates for whom no votes come in during week ending February 28 will be placed upon the inactive list — may be restored upon making a cash report.

The opening period of SOCIAL JUSTICE'S gigantic $20,000 "Free America" Prize campaign comes to a fateful, final close on the stroke of 12, midnight, February 28. (Postmark not later than 9 a.m., March 1, is the "deadline.")

All the big prizes, including the speedy, handsome, durable, desirable motor cars, the trips and the 128 cash gifts are to be given away for votes, and the biggest and best opportunity for acquiring votes ends Tuesday, with the close of the 40,000 extra vote offer.

Final Hours of Period

These final "big vote" days should see every candidate marching on the double-quick. Every one of them should realize that the value of the ten biggest prizes at stake runs over $9,900.00. And the next awards are substantial awards. Think of it! Think what it may mean to you.

It is entirely possible for any candidate in the list—or a new entrant—absolutely to get enough votes by midnight Tuesday to "cinch" one of the big gifts. It may be possible for a candidate to "stake down a car" in the next few days. How? Simply by taking full advantage of the present big vote offer, and establishing an insurmountable lead.

Time for Action Now

Understand, too, that this gigantic offer will never be repeated nor extended. It expires Tuesday midnight. After that every subscription will count for fewer votes.

It's the new subscriptions that count more votes. By getting enough of them it is possible for any candidate anywhere to establish a commanding lead by midnight Tuesday.

The race so far is slow starting and close. This is what we might call opportunity. That's how it is today. More votes have been sent in by subscribers themselves than many candidates have obtained.

Chance for Live Ones

Is there a chance for a new "live wire" candidate? Is there a chance for more real "go-getters?" You know there is. And there is the same chance for any candidate now entered. All are on even terms.

It is time now for action. Subscriptions mean more votes now than they ever will again. In "period two" and thereafter the votes will be less per subscription. The time to get subscriptions is now—today—when they count for more.

Reduce Vote Values

Contrary to the plan usually followed, the SOCIAL JUSTICE plan calls for reduction of votes as the campaign progresses. In this campaign the last week is of less importance, because subscriptions then count for the minimum of votes.

It is impossible at this early stage to predict the winners, for these two days may show the bottom nominee on the top.

Extra cash as well as extra votes are offered ambitious men and women this period. Three extra cash prizes, totaling $175, will be given to the three candidates making the largest turn-ins under this offer ending this Tuesday, February 28. One hundred dollars ($100), fifty dollars ($50) and twenty-five dollars ($25) will be given for leadership at this time.

Dark Horse Candidates

Candidates just starting are liable to sweep into the lead before the first lap of the great vote race ends. Many of the candidates still have their first steps to take, and it is certain that some of these plan a surprise for the closing hours of the period.

No one eager to share in the honors and emoluments of the $22,000 prize distribution will neglect the shortest cut to success, today's big vote schedule and extra cash offer.

Despite the greatly increased interest in the campaign, many of the fields richest in prize winning possibilities remain unrepresented by alert and determined candidates and untouched by any of the aspirants for rich rewards.

Get In on Time

All subscriptions, however, mailed in any post office, anywhere, before midnight, Tuesday, will count in on the big vote offer, even though they do not reach SOCIAL JUSTICE office until later.

(Page Copyrighted, 1939, HD)

PARTIAL LIST OF CANDIDATES

THIS LIST IS INCOMPLETE, with less than half of the names and States included. The full list will appear in the "Bulletin" now being issued. It is being mailed to all active candidates . . . (Bonuses have been added where checking has been completed).

Please do not be alarmed if your name or recent report is not credited to your State. Business now in the mails or in office routine will be credited in later lists.

(NOTE: In cases where candidates are running very closely they are published in groups, so as to do no one any injustice, since their positions are changing frequently between issues of the paper. In some instances more votes have been cast by the friends of the candidate than the candidate himself has turned in.)

ARKANSAS

OKLE, Chas., Paragould	168,100
WEWERS, Wm., Ft. Smith	75,100

CALIFORNIA

DINGEMAN, H. D., San Diego	135,000
DIXON, Cath. L., Altadena	79,600
DOLEZAL, F. C., San Frans.	35,100
GORMAN, Bernard, Santa Ana	45,200
HUMPRHEY, T., N. Hollywood	35,100
LA PRAIRIE, Miss E., Santa C.	143,300
MacINNES, Jessie, Los A.	176,900
MAY, A., San Frans.	35,100
MEYER, E., J., Los Angeles	55,300
O'TOOLE, Mr. Edw., Los A.	35,100
STRUEMPF, Mrs. Aug., Wasco	175,900
VAN OOST, Miss M., Anaheim	85,400

CANADA

BUNER Mrs. N., Brantfd., Ont.	95,500
GAYHART, Geo., Jr., Toronto	176,900
SCHROEDER, J. H., Walkerville	85,100

CONNECTICUT

ALLEN, Anna, Norwalk	75,200
BARRETT, ohn, New Haven	5,000
BUTLER, John, Danielson	35,100
CAPEWELL, Mrs W., Bridgept.	85,300
CORCORAN, G., M., Waterbury	145,200
CUSICK, James J., Waterbury	177,700
DICKINSON, G. W., Waterbury	135,300
FITZ GERALD, D., New Haven	165,500
JOHNSON, J., Naugatuck	175,500
KUMPITSCH, P. F., Hartfd.	35,100
LE CLAIRE, W., Jewett C.	175,900
LYONS, D. C., S. Norwalk	85,000
MORGAN, J. H., Waterbury	176,800
MURRAY Mrs. T. R., N. Haven	35,100
PERRY, W. C., New Haven	5,000
WYLIE, Miss A., Sound View	120,400

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

McKENZIE, Paul J., Wash.	5,000
O'MEARA, Sadie Ellen, Wash.	105,200

DELAWARE

BROWN, H. M., Wilmington	172,400

FLORIDA

FACE, Mrs. E., Mt. Dora	85,200
GARDNER, M., Jacksonville	45,200

ILLINOIS

ALLEN, Mrs. Mary, Chicago	55,200
ARKIN, Mrs. D., Chicago	95,400
ASFOOR, Wm., Chicago	60,200
BALLANTYNE, M., Chicago	176,800
BANAN, Chas. G., Chicago	49,300
BECKER, Miss E., Wilmette	176,900
BLOUIN, Robt., Chicago	125,200
BOEDIGHEIMER, R., Chicago	115,400
BONYAI, Jas., Alton	35,100
CORIAM, Miss M. C., Chicago	115,200
CUMMINGS, Mrs. T., Chicago	155,300
CWENAR, Walter, Cicero	105,300
DE MARCO, A., Chicago	175,700
DENAULT, John L., Mendota	55,200
DUAN, John, Quincy	177,900
ECK, C. J., Chicago	95,100
EHLEN, Mrs. F. B., Chicago	169,200
EIFEL, Geo. L., Chicago	176,800
FAHERTY, Patrick, Chicago	145,200
FEHLEN, Jos. J., Evanston	35,100
FINEGAN, Miss H., Sprinfd.	169,900
FUERST, Miss L., Chicago	171,200
GIBBONS, Frank E., Oak Park	55,100
GILDEA, Mrs. Ellen, Chicago	170,400
GONSKI, Theo., Chicago	172,000
GONWA, Mrs. G. A., Chicago	172,100
HANRAHAN, Thos. J., Chicago	45,100
HARRIS, N. L., E. St. Louis	95,100
HASSEL, Miss C. E., Chicago	176,800
HASTINGS, Mrs. M., Chicago	177,700
HAUSEN, C., Chicago	5,000
HIXON, Mrs. Mary F., Chicago	45,100
HORAN, Peter, Chicago	178,900
HUMPHREYS, L., Villa Park	176,800
KERRINS, J. J., Ashkum	45,100
KOHLMANN, Karl, Chicago	175,900
KROG, Chas. Jos., Oak Park	175,800
KRUEP, Leo B., Downers Grove	169,200
LA FLAMME, Mrs. M., Chicago	85,200
LEMRISE, Hubert, Chicago	75,100
LOUGHLIN, Miss M., Chicago	175,800
LYE, Helen, Seneca	35,000
MARRON, Mrs. I., Chicago	172,300
MARSICANO, F., Melrose Park	176,800
McEVOY, Patrick J., Chicago	176,700
McLAUGHLIN, M., Elmwd. Pk.	176,900
MESSIG, Mrs. F. J., Breese	5,000
MULLOY, S. J., Chicago	95,100
O'BRIEN, Wm., Chicago	35,100
O'KEEFE, Pat., Chicago	171,200
O'SHAUGHNESSY, M. J., Chi.	105,200
POWERS, Miss N. E., Chicago	90,100
ROHR, Mrs. R., Milstadt	95,300
ROSNER, Rich., Chicago	5,000
ROSS, Thomas, Chicago	174,400
ROSSMILLER, Marg., Fowler	95,100
RUST, Mrs. Daisy, E. St. Louis	171,200
SAUTER, Miss Theo., Chicago	169,200
SCHLENGER, C., Chicago	125,200
SCHLOSSER, Leo B., Sprgfld.	175,900
SCHMITZ, P., Morton Grove	170,300
SERR, Mrs. E. Quinn, Chicago	95,200
SUBA, John L., Chicago	90,100
SUPALA, Mrs. M. G., Berwyn	177,600
TAVAY, John, E. Alton	5,000
UFER, Carl, Chicago	6,100
WALLACE, John S., Chicago	5,000
WARZYNSKI, Mrs. L. J., Chi.	175,900
WEISS, Miss N. Jean, Chicago	110,100
YOUNG, Lowell, Fairfield	5,000
ZVIRBLIS, Joseph, Chicago	165,700

INDIANA

BERTSCH, Frank, Richmond	75,100
BIEKER, Sr., Henry, Loganspt.	5,000
FRUND, Lucille, Vincennes	55,100
GATES, Jos. H., W. Terre Hte.	5,000
HEERDINK, Aloys, Evansville	176,900
HUMBRECHT, D., Ft. Wayne	176,700
HUMIG, Jos., Connersville	85,200
JEFFERS, John F., Indpls.	5,000
KLEIN, Mrs. Al., Loganspt.	75,100
KNAUTH, Vic. C., Vincennes	35,000
KUBLEY, W. R., Rochester	5,000
LANE, Nora, Whiting	95,100
McKINNON, A. J., Indpls.	95,400
PEQUIGNOT, A. F., Ft. Wayne	178,700
PERONA, Miss Lydia, Blanford	95,300
SCHMITT, Geo. H., Anderson	55,100
SKABLA, Rudolph, Indpls.	45,100
SMITH, Mrs. E., Decatur	155,200
TENTEGGE, M., N. Terre H.	172,700

IOWA

AHLERS, F., New Vienna	178,800
ALLAN, C. E., Newton	98,200
BEADLE, T. J., Dubuque	5,000
BROPHY, Miss H., Newton	55,100
BRUNER, C. W., Waterloo	105,100
BLAKE, Pat., Dorchester	45,200
CYRIL, S. M., LeMars	178,900
DORWEILER, Jos., W. Bend.	95,500
HACKETT, J. F., Sioux City	165,200
HERRMANN, H. W., Davenport	75,100
KRIEGEL, C., Brooklyn	95,100
MEYERS, F. J., Graf	95,100
O'ROURKE, C. E., Sac City	100,500
ROSENTHAL, Ed., Portsmouth	95,100
VERNON, F. G., Des Moines	176,900
VRUBLE, John, Jerome	155,000
WEIHS, George, Harlan	179,500
WILLE, Miss T., Guttenburg	95,100

(ENTRIES FROM OTHER STATES IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER WILL APPEAR IN NEXT ISSUE. Please notify us of any typographical error as to name or address.)

HOW TO EARN 1,444,000 VOTES

IF TURNED IN ON OR BEFORE FEBRUARY 28, 1939

6 Six-Mos. Subs. x $1.50 ($9.00) x 4,000	24,000
10 One-Yr. NEW Subs. x $3.00 ($30.00) x 10,000	100,000
6 Two-Yr. NEW Subs. x $6.00 ($36.00) x 30,000	180,000
This makes 5 Clubs ($75.00) x 100,000	500,000
BONUS x 16 NEW Subs. x 40,000	640,000
TOTAL VOTES for This Arrangement	1,444,000

SCHEDULE OF VOTES

Subscriptions	Votes
6 Months ($1.50)	4,000
1 Year ($3.00)	10,000
2 Years ($6.00)	30,000

The above are regular votes and will obtain throughout the contest. A special club bonus of 100,000 EXTRA votes will be allowed on each $15 worth of subscriptions turned in. On each NEW subscription (of one year or longer) the following bonus will also be allowed: 40,000 EXTRA votes up to the 28th of February. The bonuses decrease thereafter.

137 PRIZES

Read This Big Prize List

Cadillac Fleetwood Sedan*	$2,998
Lincoln-Zephyr Sedan	1,441
Packard "6" Sedan	1,137
Chrysler "6" Sedan	1,018
Plymouth "6" Sedan	824
Chevrolet "6" Sedan	762
Ford "V-8" Sedan	752
Two Overseas Trips	800
101 Grand Cash Prizes	2,250
27 Special Cash Prizes	1,000
Fund for Commissions, Estimated but Not Limited	10,000
GRAND TOTAL	$22,982

(*In place of an automobile, winner has the option of one or two tours overseas, according to value of prize won; or a cash option may be chosen.)

FIRST SUBSCRIPTION COUPON

Good For 20,000 Bonus Votes

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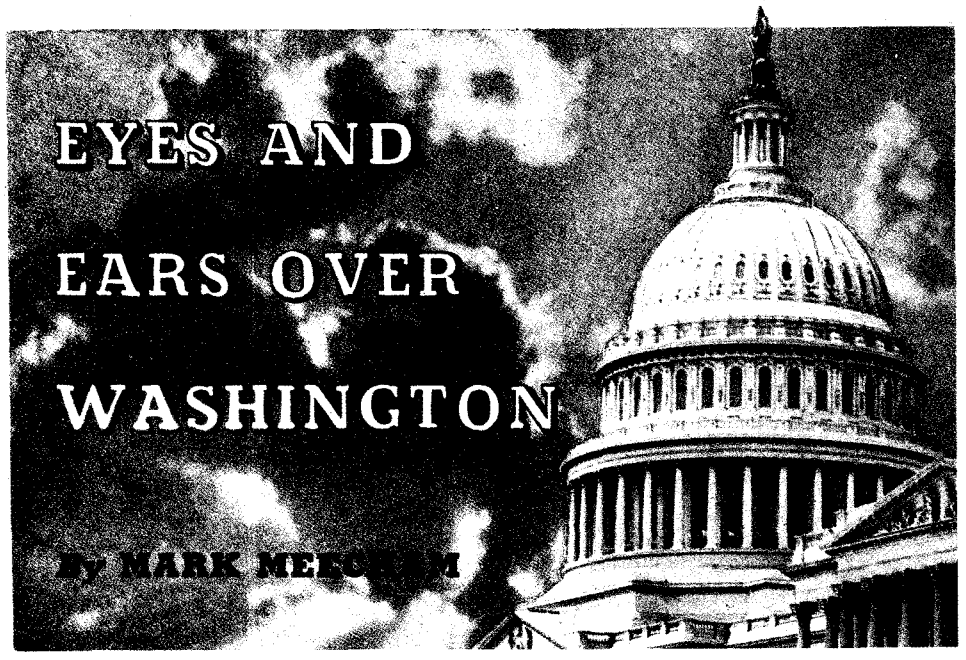

Real Neutrality up to Congress

BEFORE OUR NEUTRALITY LAW expires on May 1 of this year, there will be much talk of United States neutrality, and much agitation to amend, revise and extend the present law.

To Americans, the important thing is that we remain neutral—and that should refer to foreign governments' internal policies as well as to foreign wars. Practically everybody schooled in the United States is familiar with the traditional "no foreign entanglements" policy which made America great. But it took a situation like the recent Spanish embargo fight to disclose the confusion of the American mind on the letter of the neutrality law—a confusion which was not greatly alleviated by the ambiguous letters that some fence-straddling Congressmen sent to their constituents.

The present Neutrality Law, passed August 31, 1935, made it unlawful to export arms, ammunitions or implements of war from any place in the United States to any warring state, or to any neutral port for shipment to a warring state, upon the President's proclamation that such war exists. At the time of its passage it was generally regarded at best, as a temporary measure which was forced down the Administration's throat only after threat of a Congressional filibuster against the President's tax program.

* * *

Not long after our law went into effect, the Spanish civil war broke out, leaving us with no provision for civil strifes and hundreds of ambitious munitions salesmen. When State Department exhortations became insufficient to deter American merchandisers of murder from peddling their wares to Spanish warriors, Congress passed the Embargo Resolution (Jan. 8, 1937) which reads:

"During the existence of the state of civil strife now obtaining in Spain it shall, from and after the approval of this resolution be unlawful to export arms, ammunition or implements of war from any place in the United States to Spain or to any other foreign country for transshipment to Spain or for use of either of the opposing forces in Spain."

It was that particular act of Congress (*Pub. Res. No. 1, 75th Congress*) with which the recent embargo controversy was concerned much more than over the neutrality law itself.

"Lift the embargo" enthusiasts were supporting the proposed Nye resolution (*S. J. Res.* 288) to raise the embargo to allow shipments of arms to the Loyalist government. Neutralists meanwhile, were insisting upon the complete tradition policy of sending war implements to neither side. It was the Nye resolution which was ready for consideration and which undoubtedly would have passed but for the voters who bombarded the Senate with their telegrams and petitions of opposition. Congressmen who ignored this fact in their answers to constituents either were not aware of events in Congress or were attempting to avoid the real issue.

* * *

The next step in expressing our present neutrality policy was the Joint Resolution of May 1, 1937 (*P. Res. 27, 75th Congress*) which amended the neutrality law to include a provision for American non-interference in civil strife in any country.

But pro-Loyalist pressure groups were aware that Congress was the only real obstacle in the path of Loyalist assistance, as Administration spokesmen had been doing practically all of their hand-shaking with the "lift the embargo" groups.

* * *

THE MAIN OBJECTION to the neutrality law as it now exists, is its failure to insure our neutrality. For example, it gives the President power to decide whether war exists abroad, but does not obligate him to proclaim it unless it pleases him. Consequently, there exist and will exist situations like that in the Orient, where war—a definite, man-killing war—has been in progress for three years; but America does not recognize that fact because it is more profitably in keeping with New Deal "ideology" to lend millions of dollars to aid the Chinese.

The situation would be materially improved if the present administration really wanted the "neutrality" everybody is talking about. As a matter of fact, the New Deal does not want it. It wants the power to name "aggressors" or "treaty-breakers" as the propagandists are beginning to call them—in other words, to align us against the big three (Japan, Italy and Germany).

If America is to have a policy of neutrality — of immunity from the ultimate waging of other people's wars — that neutrality will have to come from the United States Congress. As is usual in times of agitation and propaganda, the people's bulwark against foreign entanglements is not the White House, not the Supreme Court, but the houses of Congress, especially the Senate.

It is to these representatives of the people that America must look for a real neutrality between now and May 1, when efforts will again be made to displace our neutrality policies for an alignment with Moscow and Geneva.

Twenty Thousand Anti-Americans

By **HON. ROBERT R. REYNOLDS**
Senator from North Carolina

The other day in a Senate reading room I picked up a copy of the *New York Times,* and this is what I read:

"Twenty thousand at 'Red' rally on Lenin death day. Send plea to Washington for end of Spain embargo."

This was on January 24. The article continues:

"Observing the fifteenth anniversary of the death of Lenin, 20,000 Communists and sympathizers, filling Madison Square Garden last night, signed a 'collective telegram' urging an end of the arms embargo against Loyalist Spain, heard party leaders warn that the country and the world faced a 'serious offensive of reaction,' and witnessed a musical play presented to illustrate America's 'revolutionary tradition.'

"The speakers, including William Z. Foster, national chairman of the Communist Party, just returned from Cuba; Israel Amter, State chairman; James W. Ford and Elizabeth Gurley Flynn assailed the Republican Party, the Dies committee, the 'financial oligarchy,' the 'poisonous priest in Detroit,' and others as attempting to lead the United States into Fascism. The meeting adopted resolutions urging passage of the full W.P.A. appropriation presented by President Roosevelt, and asking an end of the Dies committee."

Here we find 20,000 Communists, 20,000 "Reds," 20,000 from the Soviet Union, engaged in preaching the overthrow and the destruction of our form of government, there in observance of the fifteenth anniversary of the death of Lenin himself, demanding that there be no more investigations of un-American activities by the Dies committee, the committee headed by that able and courageous Representative in the House from the State of Texas.

Senators Want People to Know

By **HON. HIRAM W. JOHNSON**
Senator from California

The fundamental question is: Shall we be eased into war and our people never know it? Shall we be in the position of men and women who are carried to war without their knowledge, or are we entitled to the knowledge if we are being carried into war?

Do Senators realize what the Chemidlin airplane incident, which we are now discussing, had its genesis in? Do they realize that if it had not been for a freak of fate, no one here would have known that this particular French commission was in this country for the purpose of obtaining planes to be used in warfare? It happened that down in Los Angeles a man who was a member of the French commission went up in an airplane which was designed for warfare, and he went up in it under a name different from that which was his own. He was injured by the crashing of the plane; and then it was discovered, as he was carried into the hospital, very badly injured, that his name was something else than that which he had given, and which was accepted, and under which he was cleared when he entered the plane. Then it was, and then only, that the American people knew that a foreign commission was in this country for the purpose of acquiring airplanes.

We were endeavoring to acquire certain numbers of airplanes ourselves, but, in our generosity and in our benevolence, we were willing to postpone our needs and our requirements to aid a foreign country, and enable it first to acquire the planes it needed.

These things were unknown to our people until fate intervened. Why were they unknown? Good God, do you not think the American people have the right to know if they are going down the road to war? Do you not think the American people, with their experience of the past 20 years, should be informed if their rulers are going to take them even to the brink of war?

Why should they not be informed? They are our masters, and the only master I recognize. Why should they not be informed if such is to be the course to be pursued by their Government?

Make Record A Public Property

By **HON. GERALD P. NYE**
Senator from North Dakota

I cannot possibly know what might be the reaction of others to such information as has been recorded before the Military Affairs Committee in executive session of late date. I think that what I say would perhaps to others seem to be a mere tempest in a teapot or, perchance, a mirage. But somehow I cannot refrain from weighing things in the scale of experience. I cannot help placing the developments here in our own country alongside developments a long way from here, and believing that sometimes, at least, 2 plus 2 makes 4.

National defense, foreign military purchases, secrecy, talk of quarantines and sanctions, not to speak of Premier Chamberlain's suggestion to Britain the other day that she might support American policies toward dictatorships and democracies, may have me seeing things that others would want to call mere ghosts. I only know that I have been one of those who have many times wished that we might have known in 1917 what we have come to learn about 1917 since that time. I only know I should never forgive myself were I, a few months or a year or 2 years from now, to have to say that I was in any way responsible for the lack of knowledge of what seemed to be in the making in 1939.

To be charitable and to decide my doubts in a charitable way is my great desire. But I find myself at this moment in a most uncomfortable position. To free myself from that position there is but one alternative for me to pursue, and I here and now give notice of withdrawal from all executive committee meetings of the Military Affairs Committee in its present consideration of national defense measures, and to maintain that withdrawal until such time as a reasonable part of the record, devoid of any military secrets of those meetings, shall be available to the people.

In the meantime, I shall leave with the chairman of that committee my proxy and authorization to vote me in favor of making that record public. I do not wish to appear alarmist in any degree. I seek only to protect myself from a position that is intolerable and completely out of step with what ought to be practiced under a democratic representative form of government.

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Foreign Silver

TO THE EDITOR:

For some time before the passage of the Silver Purchase Act of 1934, it was urged that the price of silver in the United States be raised so that the prices of agricultural products might be raised, thus lifting the American farmers out of the bog of debt.

Now I have come to the conclusion that this country has again been made the "goat" of international financial manipulation, and that our silver buying act has been of greater benefit to foreign nations than to the United States.

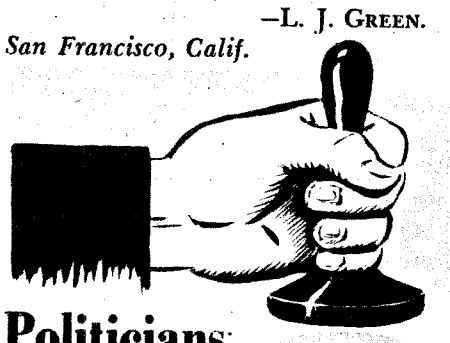
On August 4, 1938, the following statement appeared in the financial pages of the local press: "The United States, for each ounce of domestic newly-mined silver it has purchased, *has bought 6.2 ounces of foreign silver.* China has been driven to a managed currency and is selling her age-old stocks of silver on the world market."

Under the Silver Purchase Act of 1934 three-fourths of our metallic money reserve was to be in gold, the balance in silver, and the Secretary of the Treasury was empowered to buy silver until that proportion was attained. Under the Jewish Secretary of the Treasury the gold reserves of the United States have increased from $7,856,000,000 to over $13-billion; hence the opportunity has been doubled for alien silver producers and speculators to dump silver into the United States at a price greatly in excess of what they could get elsewhere.

What was intended to benefit the farming population of the United States by raising agricultural prices, has actually resulted in the grant of a subsidy to mining corporations in Mexico, Canada, Peru, South Africa, New Guinea and other countries, which are thereby enabled to compete with the mines of continental United States in the sale of such by-products as copper, zinc and lead. We have been six and one-half times as liberal to alien mining companies as we have been to American miners.

—L. J. GREEN.

San Francisco, Calif.



Politicians Undemocratic

TO THE EDITOR:

Citizens seeking Government offices should realize that they are paid servants of their commonwealth and should not allow themselves to be utilized as rubber stamps by anyone. The last election was not a Republican victory but a protest vote against a group of rubber stamps who are slowly but surely planting the seed of Communism, perhaps unwittingly, in the land of the free. Nevertheless, the New Deal politicians have succeeded in placing a stigma on the fair name of democracy and it will be a long time, if ever, before it will be eradicated.

—ELIZABETH C. DUGAN.

Philadelphia, Pa.

Letters

Student Jews

TO THE EDITOR:

I was quite young when I entered one of the leading high schools in New York City. The fact that I was entirely surrounded by Jews made little difference to me, but I was dumbfounded at the outright boldness with which they carried on their Communist propaganda. Jewish students, without the slightest shame, would tell obscene jokes about Christ. Handbills were distributed in the halls soliciting membership in the Communist Party.

The faculty did nothing to counteract this unAmerican trend on the part of these Jews; in fact, in my history and economics classes I was politely informed that the Catholic Church—and indeed all Christian churches—were anachronistic vestiges of the Dark Ages, and that the Red regime in Russia was a noble experiment in democracy.

Needless to say, toward Hitler and Mussolini they adopted quite a different tone!

I consider it a miracle that I still have my faith today and that I am still true to America.

—T. F.

New York City

Acute Racism

TO THE EDITOR:

I think Mr. Goering's wisecrack about F. D. R. was all too timely when he referred to him as the Charlie McCarthy of the American Jews. I also think that LaGuardia's sense of humor in appointing a Jewish police guard for the German Consulate is certainly ill-advised. If anything happens to a member of the Consulate while the guard is in force, I think LaGuardia should be personally liable for the resulting pogrom which I am sure would follow.

In Chicago in the summer of 1919, when hundreds of defenseless negroes were murdered, I can't remember the rest of the world or any part of it getting hysterical and screaming abuse against American brutality. The same thing happened subsequently in St. Louis and again in Atlanta—the same thing is going on in Palestine. Why can't we mind our own business and treat the present issue in Germany as a local German affair?

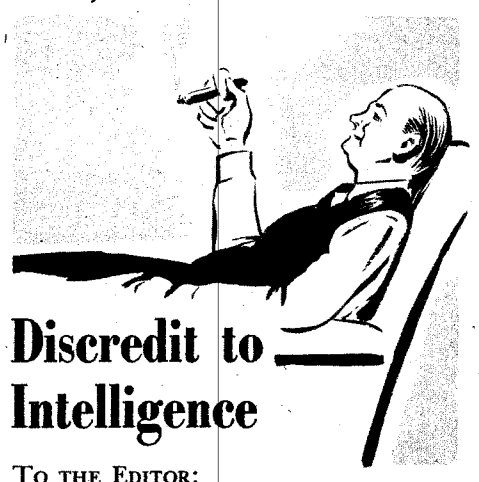
Is it that the Jews in America have so much power that the President is their Charlie McCarthy?

I am completely inundated and dominated by that noble race in my work. The administrator of my department has surrounded himself with arrogant, pushing Jews and we, the unorganized minority, must take it and smile—or else.

You mark my words that sooner or later we are going to be sucked into a war with Germany, and when we are, we will have only one thing to thank for it because the seeds of hatred are being planted now.

—H. E. S.

Brooklyn, N. Y.



Discredit to Intelligence

TO THE EDITOR:

Our indifference to public affairs is a discredit to our intelligence. While we sit back complacently, deplorable jokes are perpetrated on all our American people.

First, of course, there is the monetary set-up: Our government issuing interest-bearing, tax-exempt bonds for the bankers in exchange for a bankers' checkbook; congenial Uncle Sam turning over billions of dollars to private bankers; the latter, in turn, loaning this money to you and me at interest; and we citizens silently paying for this private money control in the form of taxes.

Another tragic joke on our suffering humanity is our program of "the march of dimes" to cure infantile paralysis. While attempting to cure this disease, *we are destroying oranges and food and developing rickets and malnutrition!*

Oh, Death, where is thy sting?

—G. W. WYNHOFF.

Milwaukee, Wis.

* * *

Stop Migration

TO THE EDITOR:

With over ten million people unemployed and about the same amount on dole and WPA, it is time to find a means of cutting down unemployment. A good plan would be to stop all immigration for the next ten years or more. Many thousands of aliens are admitted to our country every year. They do not bring jobs with them but come here to take our jobs or become dolesters. This would also exclude Canadians who are working in this country and living there.

I am in favor of petitioning Congress to stop all immigration.

—JOE NODUS.

Detroit, Mich.

Wants More Laws

TO THE EDITOR:

Old Columbia lies inanimate and helpless at Mr. Roosevelt's feet. Once the envy of the world, she became involved in bad company but nothing concrete was done to rescue her. Only silver-tongued orators ranted about "malefactors of wealth" and the "poor, downtrodden workingmen."

If there are malefactors, let us prosecute them for their violations against the law. If we have no laws to cover them, let us make some, but let us make them so reasonable that we do not kill the baby because we want to empty the tub.

Let us tell the utilities and the railroads that they can work within the framework of decent laws, backed by the Constitution. Let us tell them that the Government will not interfere with any legitimate operations.

Let us make the labor unions as responsible for their misdeeds as every other citizen is responsible for his misdeeds. Let us make them live up to their contracts.

Let the National Labor Relations Board be the umpire and not the prosecutor, judge and jury without allowing the accused to put up a defense. An employer should not be compelled to "prove his innocence" but should be considered innocent until he is proven guilty.

—C. A. D.

Brooklyn, N. Y.

American Markets

TO THE EDITOR:

I think it is time that the women of America realized the part they play in the employment problem of our nation. They are the buyers of the country and should exercise that right carefully.

For instance, the markets have been flooded with Czech goods which is cheap and shoddy. Czech shoes were bought at the expense of our New England factories being closed, and the same applies to anything else imported from Czechoslovakia. The markets are now being flooded with Chinese and Mexican goods, perhaps because we are supposed to be more sympathetic to their Communistic leanings. Japanese goods is only on the market because the importers realize practically 100 per cent profit on such goods.

Rayon material is getting to be about the only thing one can buy in ready-made dresses. The purpose of making rayon more easily available is undoubtedly to crowd silk material off the market, the original idea being to boycott Japanese silk. Remember the publicity given women who refused to wear silk stockings because they were made in Japan?

Also bear in mind that Japan is fighting the Communists in China.

If women refuse to buy rayon; if they refuse to buy Czech, Mexican, Chinese and Japanese goods, I am sure we can force the stores to buy American-made products.

—MRS. L. A. S.

Cleveland, Ohio

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Comment From The Audience

Excerpts from Typical Letters Among Thousands Received by Father Coughlin Give a Cross-Section of the Nation's Thinking

What Can I Do?

It has never been my policy to write letters to people in the public eye, but of recent date I have become so alarmed at the influx of what I choose to call "human dynamite" into our country that I have been seeking some way in which I might add my small voice to the thinking body of citzenship who desire to preserve America for Americans. I am writing to you, the champion of that ideal, to ask if there is anything that a person in my position can do to help this cause.—*B. C. L., New York City.*

* * *

Should We Fear?

Up to the darkest hours in recent German history, Jews had permeated many of the leading professions, dentists 30 per cent; lawyers 40 to 45 per cent; physicians 50 per cent; those connected with schools and hospitals up to 80 per cent. And this, although the Jewish population was only one per cent of the total. Jews occupied important key positions in the government and moulded public opinion through their control of press, movie and radio. Ultimately, Hitler broke the stranglehold of this octopus, and this led to the present developments in Germany. Parallel movements took place in other European countries.

Is there any lesson for us in all these events? Have we anything to fear from too many Jews in our Government? Can any influence upon our public opinion be traced to Jews? Are they likely to get control in any of our leading professions? What is their percentage in them, and what in comparison to our total population?

There are good Jews and bad Jews. I can and do distinguish between them. As long as they mind their own business and do not interfere with that of other people, I have no objection to them. But, I seriously object to their interference with our public affairs, with the policies of the government or our attitude to other nations.—*W. C. R., Detroit, Mich.*

* * *

For a Christian Front

I am a Protestant, born and brought up as such. I am Anglican, but I am not bigoted. I am always ready to listen to the truth. After all, we are all striving for one end—heaven. We as Christians, believe in Christ. As a good and true Protestant, to a good and learned God-fearing Catholic, keep up your good work. I truly believe your mission is to enlighten the people if they will only listen.—*C. L. Carleton, Detroit, Mich.*

* * *

Business Protests

We the members of the Galway Men's S and B Association hereby express our most emphatic disapproval of the action of station WMCA in denying the Rev. Charles E. Coughlin the facilities of that station for his Sunday broadcasts.

We further urge on our members, their families and friends, to take such action as they may deem fit to bring this matter more forcefully before the advertisers over this station.—*Patrick Walsh, New York, N. Y.*

The New Approach

I am a son of foreign missionaries of the Presbyterian Church. My parents are stationed in that large and densely populated country known as India. Being away from the States for a greater part of my life, I have quite naturally a different outlook on life than the average American college student. It goes without saying that I am proud of my country and would rather be an American than a citizen of any other country.

Yet I have felt since coming here a year ago, and feel it increasingly, that the American people, and through the people, their Government, have tackled the international situation in a very singular manner. And if you will excuse my saying it, in a fashion just about as narrow-minded as any of the political ideologies held abroad.

That is why your message struck a responsive chord in me. Only when the peoples of the world realize that these problems must be solved by a new approach to them, will there be anything like the hope of peace and justice. This approach must be one of equality of all nations and creeds; it must give a little and take a little, but above all, it must be motivated by fair and honest principles.—*J. A., Wooster, Ohio.*

* * *

Jobs for Refugees

Americans are unemployed, American taxpayers are carrying a burden to alleviate the distressed, and yet jobs are being created for refugees. To add to the dismay of Americans, wholesale firing is being done to give them jobs!

Refugees are guaranteed not to become public charges, but what about making public charges out of the Americans whom they displace? —*M. M., New York City.*

* * *

From a Coal Miner

I am one of those fellows who knows there is want in the midst of plenty. I am a coal miner and sometimes the mines where I work are shut down for three months at a time, and then when they start to work in the fall, it takes nearly all winter to get out of debt.

I want to say that I surely appreciate your radio talks, and you can count me as a supporter of your social justice principles.—*D. S., Herrin, Ill.*

Questions 'Persecution'

Allow me to compliment you upon your courage to say what everybody knows, but none have the nerve to express. You have hit the nail on the head. It is too bad that the American people are being fooled as they are for political purposes. Personally, I refuse to get excited over the latest German persecution of the Jews, since I know from experience that not a drop of blood has been spilled, and as long as those Jews seem to be sitting around complacently, enjoying persecution of other religious groups.

I am tired of hearing the Jews crying and yelling, and getting the whole world to fight their battles when they are at the bottom of so much human misery, and such endless streams of human blood that has been spilled in recent years.—*L. H., Fort Lauderdale, Fla.*

* * *

Follow the Herd

Many of my friends would like to write to you too, but they fear that should their neighbors or others find out, theirs would be the social ostracism that falls upon those who do not follow the herd. The American public today is too much like a herd —they do not realize where they are being led, and seem to care less.

You have the best support of a large group of Clevelanders who are beginning to see the trends of the times, thanks to you.—*E. S., Cleveland, Ohio.*

* * *

Red Hollywood

We Catholics here on the coast are most grateful to you for your effective routing of the Reds on the embargo issue. However, I believe it means more to us out here than elsewhere, because Hollywood is one of the big Red strongholds. Why don't you give the low-down on these 'super-patriots,' as they style themselves? Let Christians in the East realize how their quarters at the box office support these Red stars in their Communistic activities.

Of course they all hate the church, because most of them are married and divorced several times. But Christians should protect themselves against all those stars who are supporting the "Anti-Nazi" league. Stop Hollywood and you have the Reds half-licked in the United States.—*M. M., Los Angeles, Cal.*

There's One for You

Many are the times I have been on the verge of writing and requesting copies of your talks but each time I hesitated, because I felt that for me to receive a copy of the talk would mean that another would go without. However, your talk of last Sunday was so impressive, so pregnant with truth, so aligned with my findings, that I no longer hesitate, but request a copy. I assure you that it will reach more hands than mine.—*L. S., Jackson, Mich.*

* * *

A G.P.U. Prisoner

Having been born in Russia, and having lived there till 1923 and having seen with my own eyes the inside of a G.P.U. prison, I cannot help but thank you for your bold stand against Communism. As additional proof that your statements are true please allow me to add the following:

None of my gentile fellow students joined the Communist party, but all of my Jewish fellow students did, including the son of one of the richest Jews of our city. When I left Russia, only a few of those gentile students had escaped to other countries; the rest, with only a few exceptions, were executed by the G.P.U. But all those Jewish students had high positions in the so-called "Russian" government.

If some persons and the press choose to bespatter you with the castigation of "anti-Semite"—that is unfortunate. God knows that you are telling only the truth. God bless you. —*J. K., Ontario, Canada.*

* * *

Speaks Our Thoughts

I listen to your talks every Sunday and marvel at how you seem to be inspired to read the thoughts of the common folk and to feel their sufferings of body and mind and soul.

I know that honest opinions are called "uncouth," "radical" and "intolerant" etc., in these days of oily and double-meaning vocabularies. We have become used to tolerating and bowing to lies since the days of "if you can get away with it," and have forgotten that lies gather momentum and finally distort facts to such an extent that they are no longer funny but extremely dangerous.—*C. M. B., Cleveland, Ohio.*

* * *

Priests Aid Sales

I went to our pastor last Friday to ask if I might place a sign near the Church, seeking our people's support in a protest demonstration in front of radio station WDAS who took Father Coughlin's broadcast off the air in Philadelphia.

He even went further than granting permission. He had all of the priests give a sermon concerning social justice and freedom of speech. The sales of SOCIAL JUSTICE yesterday jumped 100 per cent. I had sold all of my papers after the 7 o'clock service. I got a fresh supply and sold out again after the 8. I got a few more papers and they went after the 9. I started to take names and addresses, and I got 25 more and promised to deliver them as soon as they arrived. I also needed 15 more papers for my own use. Altogether I sold 167 with a shortage of about 40 papers!

We are all set to return to the battle with WDAS next week. We doubled our numbers yesterday with about 2,500 in line.—*J. R., Philadelphia, Pa.*

Jew Loves Name of Christ

I am of Jewish birth of which I am proud, firstly because the greatest leader and teacher of spiritual understanding was one who spoke the Hebrew tongue. Unlike other Jewish people, I understand and love the name of Jesus Christ, the Jew.

Would the day be now that He return to this earth, and fulfill his prophecy of "Ye shall wander throughout the earth, *until I return.*" Today He is needed as the leader and true "King of the Jews." Moreover, he is needed by the Gentiles and the many professed Christians.

I would fight for the freedom and protection of Catholics, I—who at one time, I confess, had atheistic Communistic leanings, but who returned to the faith and God's command of "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart . . ."

Your talk of today was a true beginning. I understood it entirely. Believe me, this is written to you in the true spirit of love of all faiths in Christ which finally lead to the road to God.—*C. B., Brooklyn, N. Y.*

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Italy's Jewish Policy

Digest of an Article from The Patriot, London

Wide World

THE measures recently enacted or proposed in Italy with regard to the Jews came as a surprise to most foreigners and to many Italians as well, since members of that race had never been discriminated against in that country.

However, the new policy was the outcome of long reflection, and many phases are to be considered if an understanding of the problem is to be arrived at.

During the last eighteen or twenty years there has been an influx of Jews from Russia, Poland, Hungary, Roumania and more recently from Germany and Austria, estimated at 200,000 to 250,000. This created a serious economic problem, especially in certain professions and trades.

It was this economic situation which led to the recent measures whereby foreign Jews who entered and settled in Italy since 1919 are to leave the country within a few months.

* * *

Many other causes must also be considered in this Italian-Jewish question.

The opposition of the Communistic Jewish element to the Fascist government; the discovery that many Jewish financiers and speculators were engaged in illicit operations in Italian currency and securities; the fact that many branches of intellectual life were presided over largely by Jews; disagreement with the Fascist government with regard to the Palestine question; opposition to the government's policy with regard to racial discriminations in Ethiopia, where several measures of a racial character were enacted to prevent the evils of miscegenation—all these had a direct and important bearing upon the Fascist government's attitude towards the Jews, especially since many of them were foreign Jews.

* * *

Italy's Jewish policy, however, is of a mild nature compared with that of other countries. Anti-Semitism has never flourished in Italy, and the measures adopted or in course of adoption aim at two objects: To rid the country of the large numbers of foreign Jews and, in reference to the Italian Jews, the objective is to eliminate the effects of the presence of an alien element in the body politic. No discrimination is likely to be adopted regarding the activities of the Italian Jews which are not detrimental to public policy or in connection with individuals who have proven themselves to be genuinely assimilated and who deserve to be regarded as patriotic Italians.

* * *

While intermarriage in the future will be forbidden without special permission, and Jews are to be excluded from all educational activities, special classes or special schools are provided for the children of pure Jewish parentage. And, while Jews are excluded from the fighting services and the public administrations and may not become members of the Fascist Party or be employed by banks or other financial institutions of national importance or be members of the Stock Exchange and are limited in their properties, nevertheless, many exceptions to these restrictions have been recommended.

Children of mixed marriages are not regarded as Jews unless they have been brought up in the Jewish faith. The families of those who have served Italy in the Libyan war, the World War, the Ethiopian war, or who have volunteered for the Spanish civil war and obtained a Croce di guerra are not to be discriminated against in a number of professions and occupations. This latter exception applies also to all who joined the Fascist Party before October 1922 or in the second half of 1924. In other words, all Jews who have rendered special services to the country in any field—services which can be proven and substantiated—are exempted from most of the restrictions.

There is reason to believe that these measures will be applied in a generous spirit, and that only the most undesirable members of the Jewish race will be discriminated against.

Also, a scheme is being worked out for the settlement of Jews in Italy's new colonial domain; there it may be possible for them to create for themselves, under Italian auspices, a real national home, without the complications and difficulties inherent to such attempts elsewhere.

Across the Strait Lies Russia

(Continued from Page 5)

of upper Alaskans ministered to by the missionary Father Bellarmine Lafortune, S.J., to carry his point. Father Lafortune, he says, lives like one with his flock, shares their simple fare, lets his mail pile up at Nome, and collects it once a year.

"He reads only two publications," Father Hubbard says, *"America,* the Jesuit weekly, and SOCIAL JUSTICE. And in connection with the latter," he continued, "you will be interested to know that Father Lafortune takes his flock to the social meeting hall on Saturday nights and reads to them from SOCIAL JUSTICE magazine, translated into the Eskimo tongue."

Although he is lecturing in the United States at present, Father Hubbard already is looking forward to his next trip northward, up to the Aleutian Islands, through the Bering Sea, to Norton Sound, and on to King Island, where the shadow of the statue of Christ the King slants across the strait and falls on godless Russia.

The League of the Little Flower Requests You to Pray for the Sick and the Dead

"I beseech you therefore, brethren, through our Lord Jesus Christ and by the charity of the Holy Ghost, that you help me in your prayers for me to God."
ROMANS 15:30

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Mrs. Julia Lagesse
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Ruth W. Guttly
FOREIGN
Ireland
County Clare
Ellen Harvey

DECEASED

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Bridgeport
Harry Clark
Arthur. Electa and George Levassem
DIST. OF COLUMBIA
Washington
Colin F. Macdonald, Jr.
ILLINOIS
Carlyle
Margaret Donovan
Fred and Leo Schneider

My God, bestow Thy blessings and Thy mercies on all persons, and on those souls in Purgatory, for whom I am in charity, gratitude, or friendship, bound and have the desire to pray. Amen.

You are invited to join the League of the Little Flower.

BENEFITS: 1. You are remembered every morning at mass at the Shrine of the Little Flower.

2. You are remembered every morning at a special mass said for our intentions at the Tomb of Christ near Jerusalem.

OBLIGATION: Each day say the Lord's Prayer for the intention of the Little Flower. Her intention is to lead souls back to God.

PRIVILEGES: You are privileged to enclose the names of the deceased members of your family. They will be remembered each day at the Sacrifice of the Mass.

FEES: Each living member is requested to contribute one dollar a year. The money derived from this will be used to help Father Coughlin promote his religious activities.

Mail your membership dues to Father Coughlin at Royal Oak, Michigan.

Your prayers are earnestly solicited for our sick friends and for the faithful departed who have recently passed to their reward.

STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACTS OF CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912, AND MARCH 3, 1933 of Social Justice, published weekly at Royal Oak, Michigan for October 1, 1938.

State of Michigan, County of Oakland — ss.

Before me, a Notary Public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared E. Perrin Schwartz, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the Managing Editor of the Social Justice and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management (and if a daily paper, the circulation), etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, as amended by the Act of March 3, 1933, embodied in section 537, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to-wit

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are: Publisher—The Social Justice Publishing Co., Royal Oak, Michigan. Editorial Counsel—Rev. Chas. E. Coughlin, LL.D., Royal Oak, Michigan. Managing Editor—E. Perrin Schwartz, Royal Oak, Michigan. Business Manager — Leo F. Reardon, Royal Oak, Michigan.

2. That the owner is: (If owned by a corporation, its name and address must be stated and also immediately thereunder the names and addresses of stockholders owning or holding one per cent or more of total amount of stock. If not owned by a corporation, the names and addresses of the individual owners must be given. If owned by a firm, company, or other unincorporated concern, its name and address, as well as those of each individual member, must be given.) Social Justice Poor Society, Royal Oak, Michigan. Having no stockholders, the trustees are Charles E. Coughlin, Eugenia Burke, and Maries Rhodes all of Royal Oak, Michigan.

3. That the known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are: (If there are none, so state.)—None.

4. That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders, and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company but also, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and this affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association, or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the said stock, bonds, or other securities than as so stated by him.

5. That the average number of copies of each issue of this publication sold or distributed, through the mails or otherwise, to paid subscribers during the twelve months preceding the date shown above is ..... (This information is required from daily publications only.)

E. PERRIN SCHWARTZ.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 13th day of February 1939.

(Seal.) CATHERINE G. SMITH, Notary Public.

My commission expires August 31, 1940.

Note.—This statement must be made in duplicate and both copies delivered by the publisher to the postmaster, who shall send one copy to the Third Assistant Postmaster General (Division of Classification), Washington, D. C., and retain the other in the files of the post office. The publisher must publish a copy of this statement in the second issue printed next after its filing.

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"Democracy" at Stake

THE most abused word in the English language today is "democracy". Knowing its meaning is dear to the hearts of Americans, the satelites of Stalin have stolen it and are striving to put over their campaign of national destruction, murder of Christians and world control under its banner.

So gullible do Communists consider American Christians that they boldly list Russia among the democracies —Russia where more than TWENTY MILLION Christians have been slaughtered in Red purges.

They refer glibly to "Spanish democracy," which has killed more than 6,000 bishops and priests, thousands of nuns, and 300,000 of the Christian laity just because they were Christians.

Red Communism looks forward to the day when it can burn the churches of America, kill American priests, nuns and Protestant ministers. It hopes with the slavering lust of ghouls to wipe Christianity from the face of the United States.

Help Father Coughlin to wake up America. Help him to prove over the airways that Communism is not only the exact opposite of "democracy," but that it is the vicious force of Anti-Christ on earth.

All of Father Coughlin's broadcasts are paid for at full commercial rates. IN ORDER TO CARRY ON, HE NEEDS THE AID OF EVERY READER OF SOCIAL JUSTICE—AND NEEDS THAT AID NOW.

Can you ignore this call?

SOCIAL JUSTICE PUBLISHING CO., INC.
Royal Oak, Michigan.

I wish to contribute to the 1939 Broadcasting Fund so that Father Coughlin may continue to spread principles of social justice in America.

I hereby pledge the sum of $_____ which I am enclosing herewith or which I will send in two equal monthly remittances on or before March 1 and on or before April 1.

My Name Is_____

My Address Is_____

City or Town_____ State_____

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NATIONAL WEEKLY

Social Justice

Founded 1936 *by Father Coughlin*

THE ORANGE DUMP

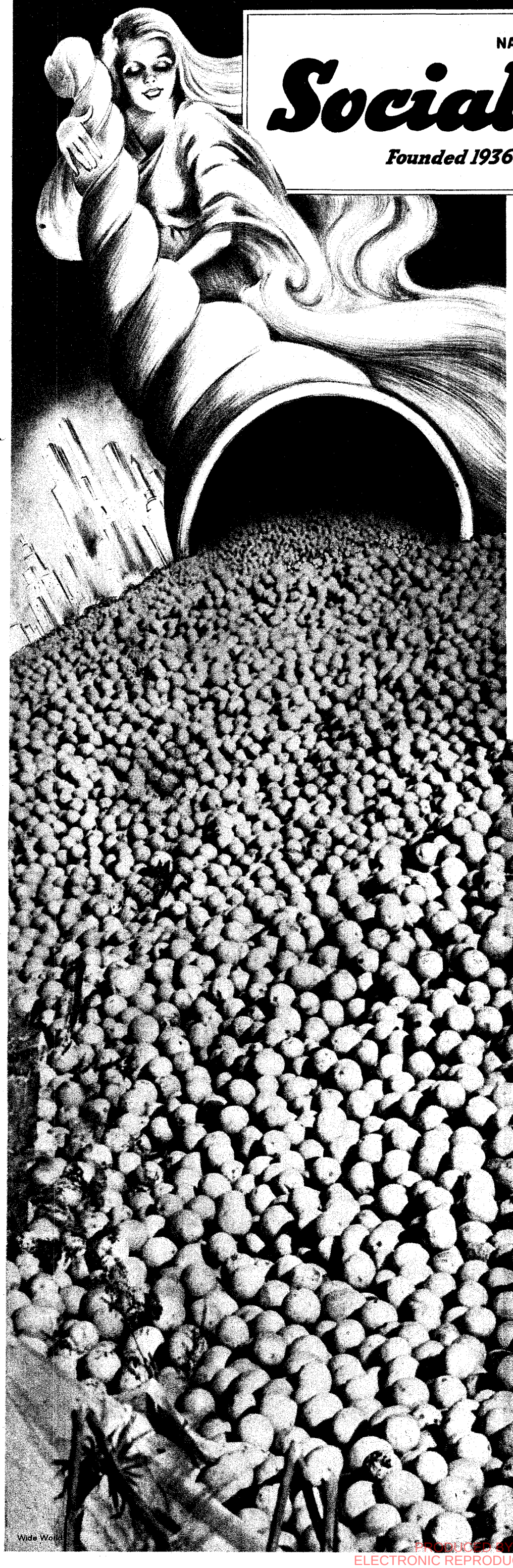
THE nation has just witnessed its annual "march of dimes" to the White House for the fight against infantile paralysis.

The birthday contribution to the President—a yearly custom since Mr. Roosevelt's term in office—amounted to $1,480,000. Rather, it will be $1,021,000 after the bills are paid.

California led among the States with $116,588; and between their trials for smuggling, the Hollywood film and radio comedians contributed their talents to roll in the dimes.

Now, nobody disparages the fight upon infantile paralysis. It is today's medical frontier, like the "white plague" of a generation ago. But, while California leads with dime honors, her radio crooners bowl in their swift cars past the largest orange dump in the world! For miles along an obscure side road, tons upon tons—trainloads—of luscious golden fruit so needed by little invalids, are heaped to rot. Crankcase oil is poured over the fruit to render it inedible to pilferers—so that an artificial price may be based on scarcity—like diamonds.

Our Man of the Week is the New Dealer who can explain the contrast—and make sense.



Wide World

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